THE DAILY GAZETTE.
PUBLISHED BY
Penniman, Reed & Co.,
No. 66 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.
TERMS:
PER YEAR BY MAIL.....$6.00.
PER WEEK, SERVED BY CARRIER.....12.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.
THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1866.

**ANTHRACITE COAL TRADE,**

Notwithstanding the entire suspension of business by the Pennsylvania Coal Company, the quantity of anthracite mined and marketed, so far this year, is largely in excess of the amount for the corresponding portion of last year. There is a probability that that company may adjust its controversy with the Erie Railway Company, respecting the price of freight, and resume operations. But, independently of this contingency, the ratio of increase in the supply will be maintained up to the close of canal navigation, unless a general strike shall occur among the miners, of which there are premonitory symptoms.

The miners profess to regulate the rate of their wages by the price of coal. No fairer basis could be asked for. But the fact is they never put down wages while coal falls in price, but are sure to demand larger compensation when coal advances. Last spring the coal market opened at, say $5 per ton. Wages were adjusted to that standard. At the rates agreed upon miners of ordinary skill and industry easily averaged four dollars a day net for themselves. They fixed the compensation of their helpers at one dollar and fifty cents a day. As the season progressed coal lowered in market value. The miners forgot, as usual, to adjust their own wages to the falling market, and attempted no abatement of the wages of their helpers. Recently coal has advanced in price, but not beyond the point at which it stood when the wages question was settled. But there has been a considerable elevation over the lowest depression. The miners now insist their wages must go up in the same proportion. If they had put down their wages when coal fell, the claim to an increase now would be valid; but they did no such thing. They are now simply endeavoring to extort a concession from their employers.

Their case would appear in a better light if they proposed to raise the wages of their helpers. This they are not disposed to do. They insist on confining the helpers to $1,50 a day, while they crowd their own compensation up to $5 a day. It is manifest that skilled labor, of any sort, is of greater value than simply muscle work. But there is nothing like this difference between the work of a miner and his helper. So far as severity of toil is concerned, the helper has much the worst employment. With only $1,50 a day, as prices stand for all articles necessary to the subsistence of themselves and families, they must have a hard time of it.

In this aspect of the case it will not do for the miners to talk of the rights and dignity of the toiling masses. They are themselves oppressors of the men they employ. If they proposed to advance their own wages to $4,50 a day, while they advanced the pay of their helpers to $2 a day the look of the thing would be decidedly improved. Consumers of coal would certainly grumble less, or at least grumble with less reason.

If an advance of wages shall be demanded by the miners, it is probable the employers will refuse compliance. They certainly will if the demand shall be put in the offensive form it was last year.

It is a matter of congratulation to our citizens that the sterling patriots representing the majority of the National Legislature, know full well their duty, and are not direlict in performing it. The passage of the wisely framed and much needed Freedmen's Bureau bill, over the veto message of the President, almost before the ink in which it was written had dried, is a new evidence that Congress is determined to protect and care for the poor, down-trodden freedmen of the South. There was apparent haste in their action, but none too much. They anticipated the veto, knowing it to be a specialty in which the President delights, and acted according to the dictates of honor and justice. Frustrated again in an effort to win favor with the late slave owners, the accidental President may adopt new policies to elevate himself with the reconstructed rebels, and, if possible, further sink into the degradation assigned him by the patriotic masses of the North.

THE New York *Leader*, the recognized Tammany organ, does not relish the idea of President Johnson and Secretary Seward marching into the Democratic party, through the Philadelphia Convention, and assuming the control of affairs. It says:

"In regard to the proposition to merge the great Democratic party in this movement, * * * it is not prepared to surrender its leaders and transfer its forces to the mercy of those who come claiming to be commanders-in-chief, without any rank or file, without weapons of warfare, without ammunition, without baggage or luggage wagons, or even ambulances, but on foot, weary and wasted, defeated and dejected, carrying with them nothing but the record of their losses and defeats, and the prestige of played-out power, and who should be extremely thankful for rest, shelter and protection, instead of being anxious for command and control."

That may be regarded as harsh on the deserting Republicans, but it is the exact truth.

MR. COMMISSIONER OULD warmly approves the Philadelphia Convention. He predicts, as the result of it, that the South will resume its old place, as the dominating political force in the nation. No doubt that is the intention; but the best laid plans of political strategists not unfrequently miscarry.

THE Democratic Congressional conferees of the district comprising Indiana, Fayette and Westmoreland counties, will assemble at the Court-house at Greensburg on Friday, the 27th inst., to place in nomination a candidate for Congress.

GEN. THOMAS L. KANE has written a letter positively declining to be a candidate for Congress, in opposition to Glenni W. Scofield, of the 19th District.

IT has been discovered that the names of several patriotic soldiers have been forged to a call for a Johnson-Clymer Convention, at Washington, Pa.

—A letter from the city of Mexico describes Maximilian as a man nearly six feet in height, light hair, slightly bald, blue eyes, long face, large whiskers and moustache. He is a pleasant speaker, with good gestures. His wife, Maria Carlota Amelia Augusta Victoria Aemerlina Lespoldina, is twenty six years of age, of medium height, light hair, blue eyes and square face, showing much vigor and determination.

—It is announced officially that from the first of July, letters posted in the United States and addressed to the Dutch West Indies (Curacoa, Saba, St. Eustatine and St. Martin) may be transmitted to destination, via France, in the French mail, at a postage charge of thirty-three cents for each single rate of one-quarter ounce or under; pre-payment being optional with the sender.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.---NO. 169. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

## CITY ITEMS.

**Lubin's Cocoanut Cream**
For the hair. It has no equal for promoting the growth of hair. For sale at Fulton's Drug Store, corner Fifth and Smithfield streets.

**Dress Goods,**
Closing out without regard to cost, on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market Sts.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

**Dry Goods**
Of all the leading markets at popular prices, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market street.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

**Lace Mantles,**
White and black, of the latest styles and at low prices, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

**Black Silks,**
All widths and qualities, at a small advance on Eastern cost, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

**Left on Sale,**
A splendid Rosewood Piano, of a celebrated make, full seven-octave, and handsomely finished, price very low, at Gardiner's great Boot and Shoe House, No. 60 Fifth street.

**Refrigerators, Ice Chests,**
Four and five minute Cream Freezers, Ice Pitchers, Water Coolers, Water Filters, Meat Safes, Bath Tubs, and a full line of goods generally, suitable for the heated term. Our stock is the largest, our variety the best, and our prices the lowest to be found anywhere west of the mountains. Call and see, at 124 Wood street, south side, five doors above Fifth St.
W. W. BRADSHAW.

**The Allegheny Shoe Mart.**
A. Leggate's Auction House, No. 120 Federal street, Allegheny, famous for its auction sales of Boots and Shoes, presents to merchants having superfluous stock every facility for its speedy conversion into cash. To buyers wishing to save money, every attraction is offered in the purchase of Boots and Shoes. A large stock is always on hand for private sales, and buyers will undoubtedly consult their interests by giving this establishment a call.

**Hostetter's Stomach Bitters—A Hundred Curatives in One.**
Not the least striking merit of Hostetter's Celebrated Bitters is the wide scope of their operation as a preventative and remedial preparation. As a *protective medicine* they ward off all the diseases—and their name is legion—that originate in unwholesome air, impure water, exhausting heat, or other local and climatic causes. This alone would be sufficient to secure for any corrective and alterative medicine a world-wide and undying celebrity. But Hostetter's Great Specific has a hundred other claims to the confidence and high consideration of the public. In Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Chills and Fever, Bilious Remittent Fevers, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Colic, Constipation, General Debility, Premature Decay, Female Irregularities, Constitutional Weakness, Sea Sickness, Diarrhea, Dysentary, Flatulency, Vertigo, Fainting Fits, Hysterics, and all complaints proceeding from imperfect Digestion, and a disordered condition of the liver and bowels, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are the most powerful, speedy, harmless and agreeable of all remedies advertised by the press or administered in family practice.

**Hostetter's Bitters**
Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Market, near Fourth street.

## THE ANTI-RENT TROUBLE.

**The Sheriff Executes his Writ With the Aid of the Military—Arrest of Colonel Church—A Deputy Sheriff Also Arrested.**

ALBANY, N. Y., July 18.—A detachment of one-hundred and fifteen men from the Tenth regiment proceeded to the scene of the anti-rent difficulty, in the town of Knox, this morning. The Sheriff found Warner's house closed and its doors barricaded. He forced them open and removed the furniture into the road, where it soon after was drenched by a severe storm.

The soldiers were quartered in the house and outbuildings, and to-morrow they will assist the Sheriff in serving the writs. Colonel Walter S. Church, the principal party in interest against the anti-renters, was arrested by a detachment under the Sheriff, with a deadly weapon upon one of the parties who resisted the execution of the processes.

A deputy sheriff was also arrested on a like charge. They were taken six miles to a magistrate, before whom they gave bail.

The detective officers arrested three anti-renters, against whom warrants had been issued, and placed them under military guard.

## FROM NEW ORLEANS.

**Gen. Grant Orders Arrests to be Made Only on Proper Affidavits—Confederate Military Organizations Prohibited by Gen. Sheridan.**

NEW ORLEANS, July 18.—General Baird issued an order in accordance with Gen. Grant's arrest order. He orders arrests only upon proper affidavits, and advises that actual arrests be deferred until properly investigated, unless there is manifest danger of escape.

General Sheridan was compelled to leave his present quarters, and seeks others near Lafayette Square.

General Sheridan has issued an order prohibiting the reorganization of Confederate companies, batteries, brigades, &c., for any purpose whatever.

**Terrific Gale—Vessels Lost.**

GALVESTON, TEXAS, July 18.—Late accounts say the steamer Potomaski is ashore five miles below. Mr. Hunt, underwriter, procured the assistance of the revenue cutter Delaware to go to her relief.

The steamer Harlan brings accounts of a terrible three days' gale at Indianola, beginning on the 13th, and ending in a terrific hurricane on Sunday. Four vessels were totally wrecked, of two no vestige is left. The schooner Veto, capacity five thousand barrels, drove through the wharf. She lies high and dry ashore. The whole of the freight of the Harlan was washed from the wharf.

The steamer Potomaski, which was anchored astride the bar, disappeared. It was supposed she had foundered at her anchorage, and all on board had been lost. Her passengers had been previously landed. No such storm has ever occurred on this coast as far as remembered.

**Heavy Thunder Storm in New York.**

NEW YORK, July 18.—A heavy thunder storm, accompanied by torrents of rain, occurred this afternoon, lasting about half an hour. Several places were struck by lightning. A block of twelve unfinished brick buildings in Warren street, Brooklyn, was nearly demolished by lightning and the gale. One or two vessels were struck by lightning. St. John's Chapel was set on fire in this city, and the spire of St. Thomas' Church struck. Notwithstanding the large quantity of rain, the heat, after the storm passed, was undiminished.

Several more fatal cases of sunstroke are reported, and a large number of people were taken to their homes by the police, in a partial state of prostration.

**Indiana Union Congressional Convention—Speech by Gov. Morton.**

NEW ALBANY, IND., July 18.—The Union Congressional Convention was held at the fair grounds. Five counties were represented. About six thousand persons were present, including the ladies. J. M. McCampbell was elected Chairman. An able speech, in the afternoon, from Milton. H. Newcomb, of Indianapolis, was warmly applauded.

At two o'clock in the afternoon Governor Morton appeared, accompanied by General Gresham and others. He seems weak, and was assisted to the stand, where, taking a seat, he delivered an eloquent address, of three hours' duration, during which he was frequently greeted with vociferous applause.

**The Assault on the Clerk of the House—Compound Interest Note Counterfeiter Arrested.**

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Judge Wylie, of the Supreme Court of the District, on a writ of *habeas corpus*, that the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives has a lawful right to the custody of the parties charged with assaulting Mr. Painter, Clerk of the Postoffice Committee.

The principal party connected with the counterfeit hundred dollar compound interest note has been captured. The presses and plates have also been secured on Staaues Island, with several thousand dollars of counterfeits and all the appurtenances of a first class counterfeiting establishment.

**From California.**

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—The amount of freight received at this port for the six months ending July first, shows a falling off from the same period last year of upwards of half a million dollars.

Sydney dates to April 21st report the market for breadstuffs much depressed in consequence of the arrival of very large cargoes from Cuba and South America. California flour was quoted at £16; Chili, £13 15s per ton.

Mining stocks were better: Gould & Carey, 78½; Yellow Jacket, 91; Cholas, 101; Legal Tenders, 70½.

**Coal Sale in New York.**

NEW YORK, July 18.—Coal sale to-day: Pittston Coal Company sold 70,000 tons as follows, showing high prices: 15,000 tons to assessor, at $6,75; 5,000 do egg, $6,75; 5,000 do egg, $6,75; 5,000 do stove, $7,00; 3,000 do chestnut, $8,00; 5,000 do lump, $8,50.

**Cholera in Brooklyn and New Jersey.**

NEW YORK, July 18.—Four new cases of cholera in Brooklyn are reported to-day, two of which were fatal. Thirteen new cases and nine deaths are reported in Hitzbeth, N. J.

# SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

## VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

## FROM EUROPE.

One Day's Later News.

**THE WAR IN GERMANY.**

**Prussians Continue Victorious.**

**PRUSSIA AND ITALY ACCEPT AN ARMISTICE ON CONDITIONS.**

**The Atlantic Telegraph Cable.**

NEW YORK, July 18.—The Africa's dates are one day later than those already received.

The Great Eastern arrived at Bearhaven on the morning of the 5th. The William Correy, with the short end of the cable, anchored at Valentia on the morning of the 7th inst.

The *Moniteur's* announcement of the cession of Venetia and the mediation of Napoleon was accepted as an almost conclusive evidence of peace.

The excitement on the London stock exchange on the 6th was great, especially with regard to Italian securities which largely advanced. English securities were kept down by the maintenance of the bank rate at 10 per cent.

On the Paris Bourse the rates advanced 1 per cent., making a total recovery of 6½ per cent. within a few days, while Italian stock advanced 17 per cent. in two days. On the 6th, the most sanguine hopes were not only not realized, but commenced gradually melting away.

The Minister of Police, at Berlin, has announced that the proposals for an armistice, presented by Gen. Fabiens, have been declined.

The Florence journals consider the Austrian proposals inadmissible. They regard the cession of Venetia as a stratagem, by which Prussia, enabling Austria to resume hostilities against Italy. They declare that Italy will not lend herself to such proceedings. The cession of Venetia to France, with a view to its subsequent cession to Italy, would be a violation of national right, and submission to a foreigner. Italy will owe Venice to her arms alone.

The *Moniteur du Soir*, of the evening of the 6th, contains no official announcement.

The *Patrie* says the Prussian reply to the proposal for an armistice has not been received. The delay is said to have arisen from the distance of the headquarters in Bohemia, which were yesterday successively advanced several miles. It is believed in official circles in Berlin that the armistice can only be accepted after provisional settlement of the principal basis of the negotiation for peace, and until the full demand the occupation of the whole of Bohemia, and the evacuation by Austria of the fortresses of Kaniggratz, Josephstadt and Theresienstadt.

The King of Italy has replied to the Emperor of the French, thanking him, and adding that he was about to enter into immediate communication with the Emperor Napoleon. Mr. Lane

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The *Weiner Abend Post* says that previous to the battle of the 3d inst., the Austrian Government had already requested the Emperor of the French to arrange a peace, and that between Austria and Italy in order to render it possible for the Austrian troops in Italy to join the Army of the North. The Emperor of the French, on the part of the Austrian Government, and desirous to see peace once more established in Europe, even went further, and without being directly or indirectly requested so to do by the Austrian Cabinet, also offered his good offices to effect an armistice between Austria and Prussia. This offer was accepted by the Austrian Government.

The London *Times* of the 7th says there is too much reason to fear that hostilities will be resumed in both the theaters of war. Even Austria will be compelled to withdraw a considerable number of troops from Venetia, and unless, sheltered by the aegis of France, may soon be compelled to have terms of peace dictated by victorious Prussia in person. The *Times* remarks it is difficult to believe that either Italy or Prussia, will ultimately reject the pacific overtures of the Emperor Napoleon, especially if they should be supported by England sooner or later, therefore without any sacrifice to the soldier, or imposing the slightest burden on France, the Emperor will probably find himself again the real arbiter of Europe. It is a position which lofty ambition would disdain to abuse.

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Severe engagements have taken place between the Prussians and Bavarians, near Dermbach in Saxe Weimar, in which the latter were repulsed, and the Prussians occupied Dermbach in force. The Prussians captured eight positions, and were advancing victoriously.

The Austrian prisoners taken in the battle on the 3d are estimated at 20,000. One hundred and sixteen guns were captured. The losses sustained by the Prussian army were considerable. Those of the second were comparatively small.

The Bavarian army had entered the Tyrol, and was progressing in the direction of Italy. It was asserted that the Austrians had evacuated all their positions on the right bank of the Mincio.

Garibaldi's wound was very slight.

*Brescia, July 6.*—Two Austrian gunboats have been repulsed in an attack on Gargarno, Lake Garda.

Princess Helena was married to Prince Christian, of Augustenburg, at Windsor, on the 5th, in presence of the Queen, the King and Queen of the Belgians, and a distinguished company, but the affair was comparatively private.

The Marquis of Lansdowne, who had been named for office in the Derby Ministry, died suddenly on the 5th, from paralysis.

In the House of Lords, on the 5th, Lord Brougham introduced to the hostile state of Europe. He hoped a Congress would be shortly held, and peace firmly established. He did not think Venetia ought to be free from the Austrian yoke.

At the request of Lord Derby, Earl Russell moved an adjournment till 9th.

In the Commons, Mr. Gladstone, in reply to an inquiry, explained the position of the Government toward the Bank of England, and stated that the bank could not relieve it of responsibility in the rate of discount, &c., the Government having no control in the matter.

A Vienna telegram says there is a good prospect of an armistice for two weeks. Hostilities have not been resumed.

The Austrian army of the north continued their retreat without molestation. The Prussians have advanced further into Bohemia.

The king of Prussia had ordered the release of all the Austrian prisoners on giving their parole not to serve again during the war.

Severe fighting is reported as having taken place on the frontiers of Venetia and Tyrol. The reports were contradictory as to the results.

The old Atlantic cable was tested and found in perfect condition. The foregoing advices are the latest via Queenstown.

The news by the steamer Africa direct from Liverpool, with dates to the morning of the 7th, state that the Prussians continued victorious; had defeated the Bavarians at Dirnback and occupied that town. The conclusion of an armistice was then considered improbable. Public opinion in Prussia and Italy is strongly adverse to it.

The Paris *Temps* announces that Prussia and Italy had accepted the armistice on the following conditions: Prussia to retain her present positions, her troops to be supported by the countries occupied. Austria is not to increase her armies in the field. Italy is to occupy one fortress in the quadrilateral. Italy, in reply, demands the occupation of two fortresses in the quadrilateral.

Mr. Gladstone took an official farewell of the House, expressing deep gratitude to the support of his government in the past.

Mr. Mill presented a petition from Mrs. Gordon, complaining of the illegal trial and execution of her husband in Jamaica, stating that in consequence she has been reduced to a state of destitution, and praying for redress.

FRANCE—The draft of the proposed modifications in the French constitution has been presented to the Senate.

Bourse on the 6th less firm. Rentes closed at 68f 45c.

AUSTRIA—A second conscription has been ordered to take place in Hungary.

The cholera has broken out at St. Petersburg.

*London Money Market*—The discount demanded at the Bank is of the full average character. On the Stock Exchange advances are offered at ¼ per cent. Consols, in spite of some tendency to reaction at the opening, closed strong. An impression prevails that the worst difficulties are likely to be soon surmounted. Bank rates unchanged.

*Latest Telegraph to Queenstown.*—A Viena telegram says there are good prospects that hostilities will not be resumed for six weeks.

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The Paris Bourse remains without change. Rentes closed yesterday at 68f 60c.

The shore end of the Atlantic telegraph cable was successfully laid on the 6th inst. The old cable was tested and found to be in excellent condition.

Great preparations are making to supply the army with breech loading rifles.

*Liverpool, July 7—Morning.*—Breadstuffs—Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co. report Flour heavy and 3@6d lower. Wheat dull and 4@6d lower. Corn inactive and 1s@1s 6d lower. Prices of all articles nominal.

*Provisions.*—The same circular reports Beef quiet; Pork firm; Bacon very dull, Lard flat and nominal.

The Brokers' circular reports small sales at 34 6d@36 9d for Pots. Sugar quiet and steady. Coffee quiet. Rice easier. Linseed, no sales. Cod Oil, no sales. Linseed Oil dull and nominal. Rosin quiet at 6s 6d@6s 9d for Common American. Spirits of Turpentine quiet and steady at 30s 6d for refined.

LONDON MARKETS.—Messrs. Baring's circular reports: Breadstuffs quiet and easier. Iron quiet, at £6 for rails and bars, and £5s. for Scotch pig. Sugar quiet and steady. Petroleum quiet and steady; 1s. 11d. for refined.

LATEST.—*Liverpool, July 7, p. m.*—Cotton; sales to-day of 7,000 bales, including 1,000 bales to speculators and exporters. Market dull and lower, the improvement on Friday having been lost, owing to the failure of peace negotiations. Middling uplands are quoted at about 14d. Breadstuffs are firmer, but sales small. Provisions inactive.

*London, July 7.*—United States 5-20s are declining, owing to large shipments. The closing prices are 64½ to 65. Consols for money, 87 to 87½; Erie shares, 38 to 48½; Illinois Central, 75 to 76. McCall's circular reports breadstuffs inactive and nominally considerably lower.

## CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, July 18, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Wilson, from the Military Committee, fited without amendment the bill to reorganize the clerical force of the War Department, and the bill relating to the rations of soldiers held as prisoners of war.

He also reported adversely on the bill to appoint a Commission on Transportation between the Western and Atlantic States, and the bill to increase the pay of army officers.

A resolution authoring the employment of a landscape painter and a topographical engineer to aid the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds in the selection of a Park and site for a Presidential Mansion, was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Sherman, the bill to reduce the rate of interest on the public debt and provide for funding the same, was taken up.

Several amendments were agreed to, and the further consideration of the bill was postponed till to-morrow.

Mr. Fessenden reported, with amendments, the bill making appropriations for sundry civil expenses.

Mr. Pomeroy introduced a bill to amend the act of June 24th, 1862, for the disposal of public lands for homesteads to actual settlers in the States of Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Kansas, and Florida, which was referred to the Committee on Public Lands. It provides that any person who has served not less than twelve months in the army or navy of the United States during the war for the preservation of the Union, shall have the right to purchase at the minimum rate, or locate by military land warrant, one hundred and sixty acres of land, and to enter one hundred and sixty acres according to the provisions of the Homestead bill of 1862.

The bill to increase the compensation of clerks, messengers, and other employees of the Senate, was taken up, and, after discussion, was recommitted.

The House called up the bill recently passed by the Senate, and subsequently amended in the House, for bridging the Mississippi at Quincy, Keokuk, Winona and other points. The House amendments were agreed to, with an amendment requiring the consent of the States on each side of the river where bridges are proposed.

Mr. Edmunds offered two amendments, one of which provided that no drawbridge should be allowed if the board of engineers decided that bridges of continuous span were practicable, but the other defeated it. It is believed in official circles in Berlin that the armistice can only be accepted after provisional settlement of the principal basis of the negotiation for peace, and until the full demand the occupation of the whole of Bohemia, and the evacuation by Austria of the fortresses of Kaniggratz, Josephstadt and Theresienstadt.

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Garibaldi's wound was very slight.

*Brescia, July 6.*—Two Austrian gunboats have been repulsed in an attack on Gargarno, Lake Garda.

Princess Helena was married to Prince Christian, of Augustenburg, at Windsor, on the 5th, in presence of the Queen, the King and Queen of the Belgians, and a distinguished company, but the affair was comparatively private.

The Marquis of Lansdowne, who had been named for office in the Derby Ministry, died suddenly on the 5th, from paralysis.

In the House of Lords, on the 5th, Lord Brougham introduced to the hostile state of Europe. He hoped a Congress would be shortly held, and peace firmly established. He did not think Venetia ought to be free from the Austrian yoke.

At the request of Lord Derby, Earl Russell moved an adjournment till 9th.

In the Commons, Mr. Gladstone, in reply to an inquiry, explained the position of the Government toward the Bank of England, and stated that the bank could not relieve it of responsibility in the rate of discount, &c., the Government having no control in the matter.

A Vienna telegram says there is a good prospect of an armistice for two weeks. Hostilities have not been resumed.

The Austrian army of the north continued their retreat without molestation. The Prussians have advanced further into Bohemia.

The King of Prussia had ordered the release of all the Austrian prisoners on giving their parole not to serve again during the war.

Several fighting is reported as having taken place on the frontiers of Venetia and Tyrol. The reports were contradictory as to the results.

The old Atlantic cable was tested and found in perfect condition. The foregoing advices are the latest via Queenstown.

The news by the steamer Africa direct from Liverpool, with dates to the morning of the 7th, state that the Prussians continued victorious; had defeated the Bavarians at Dirnback and occupied that town. The conclusion of an armistice was then considered improbable. Public opinion in Prussia and Italy is strongly adverse to it.

The Paris *Temps* announces that Prussia and Italy had accepted the armistice on the following conditions: Prussia to retain her present positions, her troops to be supported by the countries occupied. Austria is not to increase her armies in the field. Italy is to occupy one fortress in the quadrilateral. Italy, in reply, demands the occupation of two fortresses in the quadrilateral.

Mr. Gladstone took an official farewell of the House, expressing deep gratitude to the support of his government in the past.

Mr. Mill presented a petition from Mrs. Gordon, complaining of the illegal trial and execution of her husband in Jamaica, stating that in consequence she has been reduced to a state of destitution, and praying for redress.

FRANCE—The draft of the proposed modifications in the French constitution has been presented to the Senate.

Bourse on the 6th less firm. Rentes closed at 68f 45c.

AUSTRIA—A second conscription has been ordered to take place in Hungary.

The cholera has broken out at St. Petersburg.

*London Money Market*—The discount demanded at the Bank is of the full average character. On the Stock Exchange advances are offered at ¼ per cent. Consols, in spite of some tendency to reaction at the opening, closed strong. An impression prevails that the worst difficulties are likely to be soon surmounted. Bank rates unchanged.

*Latest Telegraph to Queenstown.*—A Viena telegram says there are good prospects that hostilities will not be resumed for six weeks.

The Austrian Army of the North continues to retreat without molestation. The Prussians have advanced further into Bohemia.

Reports from the Tyrol, but they are entirely contradictory as to the result.

The Paris Bourse remains without change. Rentes closed yesterday at 68f 60c.

The shore end of the Atlantic telegraph cable was successfully laid on the 6th inst. The old cable was tested and found to be in excellent condition.

Great preparations are making to supply the army with breech loading rifles.

*Liverpool, July 7—Morning.*—Breadstuffs—Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co. report Flour heavy and 3@6d lower. Wheat dull and 4@6d lower. Corn inactive and 1s@1s 6d lower. Prices of all articles nominal.

*Provisions.*—The same circular reports Beef quiet; Pork firm; Bacon very dull, Lard flat and nominal.

The Brokers' circular reports small sales at 34 6d@36 9d for Pots. Sugar quiet and steady. Coffee quiet. Rice easier. Linseed, no sales. Cod Oil, no sales. Linseed Oil dull and nominal. Rosin quiet at 6s 6d@6s 9d for Common American. Spirits of Turpentine quiet and steady at 30s 6d for refined.

LONDON MARKETS.—Messrs. Baring's circular reports: Breadstuffs quiet and easier. Iron quiet, at £6 for rails and bars, and £5s. for Scotch pig. Sugar quiet and steady. Petroleum quiet and steady; 1s. 11d. for refined.

LATEST.—*Liverpool, July 7, p. m.*—Cotton; sales to-day of 7,000 bales, including 1,000 bales to speculators and exporters. Market dull and lower, the improvement on Friday having been lost, owing to the failure of peace negotiations. Middling uplands are quoted at about 14d. Breadstuffs are firmer, but sales small. Provisions inactive.

*London, July 7.*—United States 5-20s are declining, owing to large shipments. The closing prices are 64½ to 65. Consols for money, 87 to 87½; Erie shares, 38 to 48½; Illinois Central, 75 to 76. McCall's circular reports breadstuffs inactive and nominally considerably lower.

## CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, July 18, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Wilson, from the Military Committee, fited without amendment the bill to reorganize the clerical force of the War Department, and the bill relating to the rations of soldiers held as prisoners of war.

He also reported adversely on the bill to appoint a Commission on Transportation between the Western and Atlantic States, and the bill to increase the pay of army officers.

A resolution authoring the employment of a landscape painter and a topographical engineer to aid the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds in the selection of a Park and site for a Presidential Mansion, was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Sherman, the bill to reduce the rate of interest on the public debt and provide for funding the same, was taken up.

Several amendments were agreed to, and the further consideration of the bill was postponed till to-morrow.

Mr. Fessenden reported, with amendments, the bill making appropriations for sundry civil expenses.

Mr. Pomeroy introduced a bill to amend the act of June 24th, 1862, for the disposal of public lands for homesteads to actual settlers in the States of Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Kansas, and Florida, which was referred to the Committee on Public Lands. It provides that any person who has served not less than twelve months in the army or navy of the United States during the war for the preservation of the Union, shall have the right to purchase at the minimum rate, or locate by military land warrant, one hundred and sixty acres of land, and to enter one hundred and sixty acres according to the provisions of the Homestead bill of 1862.

The bill to increase the compensation of clerks, messengers, and other employees of the Senate, was taken up, and, after discussion, was recommitted.

The House called up the bill recently passed by the Senate, and subsequently amended in the House, for bridging the Mississippi at Quincy, Keokuk, Winona and other points. The House amendments were agreed to, with an amendment requiring the consent of the States on each side of the river where bridges are proposed.

Mr. Edmunds offered two amendments, one of which provided that no drawbridge should be allowed if the board of engineers decided that bridges of continuous span were practicable, but the other defeated it. It is believed in official circles in Berlin that the armistice can only be accepted after provisional settlement of the principal basis of the negotiation for peace, and until the full demand the occupation of the whole of Bohemia, and the evacuation by Austria of the fortresses of Kaniggratz, Josephstadt and Theresienstadt.

The King of Italy has replied to the Emperor of the French, thanking him, and adding that he was about to enter into immediate communication with the Emperor Napoleon. Mr. Lane

*La France* asserts that the cession of Venetia was made unconditionally.

The Paris correspondent of Pall Mall *Gazette* says it is quite natural that Austria and Prussia placed herself at the mercy of France when proposing to cede Venetia. She knew beforehand what she was to get as compensation.

The *Weiner Abend Post* says that previous to the battle of the 3d inst., the Austrian Government had already requested the Emperor of the French to arrange a peace, and that between Austria and Italy in order to render it possible for the Austrian troops in Italy to join the Army of the North. The Emperor of the French, on the part of the Austrian Government, and desirous to see peace once more established in Europe, even went further, and without being directly or indirectly requested so to do by the Austrian Cabinet, also offered his good offices to effect an armistice between Austria and Prussia. This offer was accepted by the Austrian Government.

The London *Times* of the 7th says there is too much reason to fear that hostilities will be resumed in both the theaters of war. Even Austria will be compelled to withdraw a considerable number of troops from Venetia, and unless, sheltered by the aegis of France, may soon be compelled to have terms of peace dictated by victorious Prussia in person. The *Times* remarks it is difficult to believe that either Italy or Prussia, will ultimately reject the pacific overtures of the Emperor Napoleon, especially if they should be supported by England sooner or later, therefore without any sacrifice to the soldier, or imposing the slightest burden on France, the Emperor will probably find himself again the real arbiter of Europe. It is a position which lofty ambition would disdain to abuse.

The warfare in the Austrian Italian frontier states that the Austrians are strengthening their forces at Rovigo.

A dispatch of the 5th from the Italian headquarters says: "Considering it expedient to deprive the Austrians of the telegraph, at Borgoforte, on the right bank of the Po, we have commenced operations for an attack.

It is stated that a portion of the Austrian forces in Venetia have been ordered north.

Severe engagements have taken place between

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.

F. B. PENNIMAN, T. F. HOUSTON, } Editors.
JOSIAH KING, NELSON P. REED, } Business Managers.

THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1866.


## UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR:

**MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,**

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

SHERIFF:
SAMUEL B. CLULEY, City.

CLERK OF COURT:
JOHN G. BROWN, Hampton Tp.

CLERK OF ORPHANS COURT:
ALEXANDER MILANDS, City.

RECORDER:
HENRY SNIVELY, City.

REGISTER:
JOSEPH H. GRAY, Plum Tp.

CORONER:
GEORGE HAMILTON, City.

DIRECTOR OF POOR:
JOHN F. DRAVO, Mifflin Tp.

ASSEMBLY:
JOHN P. GLASS, City.
GEORGE WILSON, Pitt Tp.
GEORGE W. McKEE, North Fayette Tp.
SAMUEL CHADWICK, Collins Tp.
WILLIAM PETER, Ross Tp.
R. A. COLVILLE, City.

### The STATE CANVASS.

There was a time, a few months ago, when the prediction that those Republicans who should follow the lead of the President would bring up in the Democratic fold, was not only received with general distrust, but attributed to a morbid suspiciousness. That time has gone by. Events have demonstrated the perspicuity of those who first detected the projected defection.

The National Convention, to assemble next month, is one of the appliances by which the absorption of the Conservative Republicans with the Democrats is sought to be accomplished. As the day for the convocation of this body approaches this will become more and more apparent. The announcement of the names of delegates, indicating the influences that must predominate in the proceedings, will have nothing to unravel by conjecture.

So far as this convocation shall exert any control in the gubernatorial canvass in Pennsylvania it will be in behalf of Mr. CLYMER. The Democratic members of Congress from the State, and the Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, established confidential relations with the President months ago—indeed, entered into a treaty offensive and defensive with him. This National Convention was called in fulfillment of the stipulations of that agreement. It has no other aim than to detach, if possible, from Republican sympathy and co-operation enough votes to surrender the government into the control of the late rebels and their northern allies.

We not apprehend that this movement perils the chances of Gen. GEARY. A plot exposed, is almost invariably a plot baffled. There was a time when it looked as if the intriguants would succeed in deluding a sufficient number of Republicans to give them a reasonable show of success. A timely exposure of their schemes put all true men on their guard against their perilous distillment. But this coalition of elements will make the canvass active and interesting. Matters will not be allowed to drag along as they did last season, with little manifestation of life, and less of power, almost up to the day of election. Next month, or even the last of this, the campaign will be opened in downright earnest. Mass meetings will be held; a searching and exhaustive discussion of the various plans of reconstruction which have been proposed, or which may yet be devised, will be entered upon and concluded. Of course there are inconveniences and infelicities in this sort of work. Some must devote their talents to the elaboration and presentation of the facts and arguments bearing on the question at issue. Many others must give up their time to go and hear, and to inducing others to do like wise. Only on these conditions can free government be maintained. Public discussions are as indicative to the vitality and the health of popular institutions as air is needful to the process of respiration and the continued life of the human body.

As the case now stands we have no doubt whatever of the election of Gen. GEARY. But we have some apprehensions that combinations may be made endangering three or four of the Republican candidates for Congress. There are always people who are in a dissatisfied frame of mind about one matter or another. These sore-headed individuals are more likely to be led off by sinister appeals, than others are to be misdirected by intellectual subtleties or the suggestions of a mischievous lenity. We desire to impress on candidates for Congress, and their more active and vigilant promoters, that this is the point of danger. The great issue, as it unfolds and gathers strength, will take all the sound-hearted men of the party along as by a spontaneous and irresistible impulse. The men who have grievances, no matter how imaginary, whose ambitions are ungratified; whose schemes have not been accepted or treated with sufficient deference; these are they who are most likely to bolt.

Shall we be pardoned for a few words on another point? Some of the Democrats, who claim to have been initiated into the mysteries of current intrigues, aver that some professed Republicans have been, or will be, nominated for seats in the Legislature, who are secretly pledged to co-operate with the Democrats in electing a United States Senator. If Mr. COWAN has any hope at all of a renewal of his lease, it must be predicated on an arrangement of this kind. If the Democrats should happen to have full control on joint ballot, he is not the man they would select. They have men, eminent for abilities, who have summered and wintered with them, never hesitating at any doctrine or measure. From among this class, having full power, they will make the Senator. But, if they shall find themselves in a minority—as we doubt not they will—and Mr. COWAN should chance to have succeeded in securing the election of enough shaky Republicans, pledged to his fortunes, the Democrats will take him, rather than permit the election of a genuine man. If the party shall be "sold" at all, it will, most likely, be in this way. There is time yet for provision. Let this matter not escape attention.

GOV. ORR, of South Carolina, thinks it hard that he and his brother rebels, since they have taken oaths to support the Constitution and maintain the Union, are looked upon with distrust. The Governor manages to forget that he and his set took such oaths before, when they did not mean to keep them. When men are known to have committed perjury they ought to be modest in urging their claims to credence.

THE Ohio Democratic State Executive Committee yesterday appointed William Allen, George H. Pendleton, George W. Morgan and M. B. Willett, delegates at ge to the Philadelphia Convention.

### GENERAL NEWS.

—The Russians are restoring the Malakoff.

—A general election in England costs two millions sterling.

—The burnt district in Portland comprises eight miles of streets.

—Two hundred British officers yet survive the battle of Waterloo.

—The King of Saxony sent all the pictures of the Dresden gallery to Paris.

—A combustible stone, said to burn like tinder, has been discovered in Wisconsin.

—The total number of battle flags presented on the Fourth, at Indianapolis, was 357.

—The great elm tree on Boston Common is so much decayed that its speedy fall is expected.

—A story in *Harper's Weekly* commences: "A deceased judge once addressed a jury," etc.

—Paris has become the depository of large quantities of belligerent plate, coin and jewels.

—One of the captains in the Tyrolese rifles is a descendent of the famous Andreas Hofer.

—In Mobile, on the 10th, a warehouse containing 10,000 bales of cotton was destroyed by fire.

—The Grand Duchess Marie, of Russia, has received orders from the Czar to return to St. Petersburg.

—A memorial chapel is to be built in memory of the students of Yale College who fell in the war.

—The Meteor, of Chilean notoriety, has been condemned in the United States District Court at New York.

—Ex-Governor Henry A. Wise is to deliver a lecture, in Norfolk, on the "Repairs of Southern Churches."

—James H. Harrison, a native of Virginia, was lately murdered five miles from Smithville, North Carolina.

—Five cases of sunstroke occurred at Milwaukee, Wis., on Sunday. The thermometer stood at 102 in the shade.

—The professors of the University of Virginia have had prepared a set of school books, which are in course of publication.

James Dougles, a Baltimorean who was the engineer of the steamer Stewart, Van Vliet, died at Richmond, Va., last Saturday.

—An employee leaving his employer without going through certain formalities, must pay a fine of ten dollars in Ottawa, Canada.

—John E. Owens, a liquor dealer of New York, was attacked in a drinking saloon there, and robbed of three thousand dollars.

—Mr. Bagley, one of the oldest railroad men in Ohio, and for many years agent on the C. C. & C. Railroad, at Crestline, died on Wednesday.

—Rev. Dr. Wadsworth, late of San Francisco, has received a call from the Third Church in New Haven, Conn., to succeed the late Dr. Cleveland.

—A little school-boy in Shirley, Mass., was buried in fun in a sand hole by his companions, a few days ago. He was dead when his teacher dug him out.

—Professor Allen, of Oberlin College, is making a tour of geological observation and exploration on the Peninsula, and the group of Islands off Sandusky.

—London publishers are complaining of slow sales and hard times again. American publishers are also muttering. The fall threatens to be a very dull one for books.

—The *Chronique des Arts* affirms that Gen. Cialdini was recently a medical man, and subsequently an engraver, and attributes to him a portrait of Poniatowski, done in 1826.

—Bridget Connelly died from the effects of injuries received while kindling a fire by throwing kerosene oil on to make it burn, at Marcellus, Onondaga county, Sunday last.

—An election is to be held at Buffalo, on the 31st inst., to determine whether the city will or will not subscribe for $20,000 worth of stock in the Buffalo and Washington railway.

—A little school girl, nine or ten years old, has been sent to the penitentiary in New York, for attempting to steal seven dollars' worth of artificial flowers at a school commencement.

—The Prussian Parliament is to meet on the 18th of July, and the primary elections, half of which have taken place, are decidedly unfavorable to Bismark policy as far as internal government goes.

—At a Sabbath School Convention lately held at St. Paul, Minn., the singing of Miss Hole-in-the-day, daughter of a noted Chippewa chief, elicited the highest encomiums of the musical critics.

—A "run" on a London bank was stopped, and the crowd in front effectually dispersed in a ludicrous plight, by the simple expedient of emptying a bag of flour over them from an upper window.

—At Cincinnati, a laborer named James Gillan fell out of a third-story window, at Sheehan's boarding house, Walnut Hills, about ten o'clock Saturday night, and was instantly killed by breaking his neck.

—Elmore F. Studley, a young man of seventeen, who has been clerk in the New Bedford postoffice for two years, has been arrested for robbing letters, and confesses that his peculations have been in progress for several months.

—The negroes of San Francisco have been testing their right to sit among white folks at the theatres. A judge holds that a proprietor has a right to enforce such regulations as would be most conducive to the prosperity of his business.

—A man, supposed to be named John or Neal Wilkins, was found on the line of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, near Chester, Pa., shockingly mangled, and taken to Philadelphia on Sunday, shortly after which he died.

—Authorship has paid Dr. Holland, (Timothy Titcomb) very well. His income for 1865 was $13,668. Robert Bonner, of the New York *Ledger*, has found that the publication of sensational stories is productive. His income return is $165,609.

—An elopement in high life took place about two weeks ago in Atlanta, Georgia, the daughter of a wealthy citizen running away with Lieutenant Colonel Peabody, of the late Confederate army. A warrant was issued for their arrest, but it did not catch them.

—Hosea Merrill, of Pittsfield, was married last week, aged 82 years. He gave his bride $30,000, she being somewhat younger than himself. He was unable to get out of his carriage, and the ceremony was performed while the parties were sitting in the carriage.

—Over two hundred persons are sick, and one young man has died, at Abington, Mass., from the effects of lemonade and refreshments partaken of on the fourth of July. They were poisoned in some unknown manner. A coroner's jury is investigating the case.

—The English government has announced in Berlin the speedy dispatch of a circular note to their diplomatic agents abroad, accounting for their neutral policy in the present struggle. The circular is expected to contain certain reservations relative to the possible revival of the Eastern question.

—The reports that the conference with the Indians gathered at Fort Laramie had proved a failure, and that they had returned to their homes in a hostile attitude, proves untrue. The President has received notification that satisfactory treaties have been concluded with the Upper Plattes, Sioux and Cheyennes.

—A piratical craft arrived in Galveston harbor on the 3d inst., wearing the black flag and carrying six guns on each side. City officers rowed out to her in a row boat, but were fired upon and forced to retire. The pirates then steamed away. A United States gunboat followed same time, but could not overtake her.

—The Court of Inquiry has fully exonerated Maj. Emerson, U. S. Paymaster, from any blame in regard to the robbery of $75,000 from his safe in Nashville a few nights since. No trace has been found of the soldier who was on guard that night before Maj. Emerson's tent, and who is supposed to be the guilty party.

—A young colored boy, named William Ellison, while awaiting examination on a charge of till-tapping in Justice Dailey's Court, at New York, watched the officer in charge of him until his back was turned and then made a precipitate jump out of an open window in the rear of the court-room, and made good his escape, without sustaining any injuries.

### A Ghost in Kentucky.

That ghost, whose nocturnal peregrinations in the neighborhood of the railroad bridge over Silver Creek, have caused some considerable excitement, still insists on chasing people. The New Albany *Ledger* says that on Saturday his ghostship appeared in due form and sepulchral attire to the man at the bridge, (not the one chased away on Thursday night), and, as the watchman says, walked up to him deliberately and laid his head upon his shoulder. Human watchman could not stand such supernatural familiarities, although heavily armed with two or three revolvers, and so he cut and run. The race was an exciting one. For a time the watchman was ahead; but soon the ghost flanked him, and then it came alongside, anon darted in before him, then seized him by the coat-tail and moaned out in doleful tones: "Lost! lost!" Mortal watchman could not endure such a terrible visitation. He fired upon the ghost, but his ghostship only replied with a loud defiant laugh, and sprang upon the shoulder of the frtghtened watchman. Soon the watchman reached the city, and all efforts to induce him to return to duty failed. He says the ghost is a veritable one, and that all the money the railroad ever made could not induce him to watch that bridge alone after night. The age of superstition has not passed away, as this Silver Creek bridge affair plainly demonstrates.—*Louisville Journal, July* 10.

—The Prefect of Police in Paris has issued certain regulations under which the sale of horse-flesh is permitted in the city. The animals are to be killed in public slaughter houses, in the presence of competent government officials, after a previous examination; the meat is to be stamped before its removal, which is to be effected in close vehicles, and the shops which are allotted for its sale will be indicated by special signs. Any restaurant selling horse-flesh without clearly announcing the fact, or who shall fraudulently mix it with other meat, will be liable to punishment under the penal code.

—By the late treaty with the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians they covenant that slavery shall never exist among them, and in consideration of the sum of $300,000 cede to the Government the territory west of the ninety eighth degree west longitude, known as the leased district, and obligate themselves to bestow upon all persons of African descent, resident in the Nations, and their descendants, all the rights, privileges and immunities, including the right of suffrage, of citizens, also give them each forty acres of land on the same terms as the Choctaws and Chickasaws.

—On Saturday last, Mrs. Marston, of East Hadam, Conn., took her daughter and the child of a neighbor to the river for a bath. She sat on the bank watching the children, when suddenly her attention was attracted by their cries, and she found that they had got beyond their depth. With motherly instinct she plunged into the water to rescue the little ones, and was herself carried under. All three soon appeared at the surface, struggling for life, but the effort was unavailing, and they finally went down to a watery grave.

—On Saturday morning last, while an express messenger was going over his customary route in Boston, for the purpose of delivering money packages, he was jostled by some pedestrians near the foot of Washington street, but paid no attention to the fact until he had nearly crossed the street, when he discovered that the upper package of the piles of bills in his satchel had been abstracted. It contained almost $4,000. No clue to the thief could be discovered.


WANT SUPPLIED. London Ale, BOTTLED ALES, LONDON PORTER, BROWN STOUT.—To get genuine imported LONDON ALE, PORTER or BROWN STOUT has been almost an impossibility in the city, notwithstanding the fact that there are few tonics more suitable for weakly persons and invalids. The want has at length been supplied. A large assortment of the finest brands, comprising Barclay & Perkins' LONDON STOUT, Bass & Co.'s INDIA PALE ALE, Campbell's SCOTCH ALE, etc., just received at FLEMING'S DRUG STORE, 84 Market street, and is sold by the case or single bottle, at the lowest rates. Also, a most complete stock of the finest LIQUORS for medicinal purposes. jy2:MTS

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

*WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.*

SIXTY-SECOND REGIMENT P.V. VOLS will hold an adjourned meeting on THIS (Thursday) EVENING, AT 7 O'CLOCK, in the Hall of the Firemen's Association, City Building. By order of the Committee for the funeral of Col. Samuel W. Black.
J. R. SWEITZER,
jy19:2?1 Chairman Committee of Arrangements.

LARD OIL, BACON AND HAMS.
25 bbls double refined winter strained Lard oil.
15 Half bbls do do do
2,000 lbs choice country sides.
10 Tierces choice Sugar cured Hams.
In store and for sale by
SCHOMAKER & LANG,
jy9 67 and 69 Wood street.

SHUTTERS, DOORS, WINDOWS, &c.—THE SUBSCRIBER WILL SELL AT PUBLIC property formerly of the late Dr. Swift, North Common, Allegheny, on FRIDAY, July 20th, at 10 o'clock, precisely, the following articles: Shutters, Frames, Fences, Locust Posts, Moulding, Lining, Mantles, Stable, boards, &c., &c.
JOHN M'CLINTOCK, Auctioneer.
jy18

VALUABLE SEWICKLEY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—THE SUBSCRIBER WILL sell his valuable farm, situate on the Ohio river, one mile from the station, 20 R. R. trains passing daily, 1,200 fruit trees of best varieties apple, pear, peach, cherry, quince, and grape vines; every choice foreign grapes, grove of the forrest trees near the house; two story dwelling, 12 rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, &c., &c.; new barn, with modern built stable and carriage house; abundance of excellent water.
jy9:2? GILBERT & SONS, 91 Market street.

GRAND FESTIVAL
FOR THE
BENEFIT OF THE POOR.
The Society of ST. VINCENT DE PAUL, attached to ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL, will hold a FESTIVAL on THURSDAY, July 19th, at McFARLAND'S GROVE. The proceeds to applied to the relief of the poor. The grove can be reached by Accommodation Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, starting at 10:50 and 11:50 A. M., and 2:50 and 3:40 P. M., and the Oak and Pacific Passenger Railway every fifteen minutes.
Dinner tickets, including admission, 50 cents.
jy16:?12

GENERAL
Draughting Office.
H. G. GENGEMBRE.
Civil Engineer & Solicitor of American & Foreign
PATENTS,
Office, No. 14 St. Clair st. Residence, 14 Hay st.
jy19

STRAY COW.—Came to the premises of the subscriber living on Peters's Mills in North Fayette township, Allegheny Co., A LARGE SPOTTED RED AND WHITE COW, with the left horn broken off. The owner is requested to come for her, pay charges, and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law.
GEO. H. WEST.
jy17:?109

STRAY MARE.—Strayed from the residence of the undersigned, living in the First Ward, Allegheny, July 1st, inst., A BAY MARE, white star in forehead, about nine years old. Had a lump on right shoulder. Any information concerning her, left at Mayor's Office, Allegheny, will be liberally rewarded.
jy17:?216 JAMES ORR.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE TURTLE CREEK EXTENSION CONSTRUCTION BONDS.—Holders are hereby notified that the interest coupons on above bonds, due August 1st, 1866, will be paid on and after that date, on presentation and delivery at the First National Bank, Pittsburgh.
jy17-?TS JNO. H. PAGE, JR.,

OFFICE OF UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY CO., St. Louis, July 14th, 1866.
THE INTEREST, IN GOLD, ON the First Mortgage Bonds of Union Pacific Railway Company, Eastern Division, due August 1st, will be paid on presentation of the coupons at the Banking House of JAY COOKE & CO., in New York, on or after that date.
jy17:g6 WM. J. PALMER, Treasurer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the report of the viewers for the opening of DAVIS ALLEY, in the City of Allegheny, setting forth the damages and benefits assessed upon the property adjoining, &c., was filed July 16th, 1866, in the District Court of Allegheny county, to which Court appeals from said report may be made within six weeks from the date of the filing thereof.
M. A. WOODWARD,
jy17:g11 City Solicitor.

NOTICE.
PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Committee of the Fire Alarm Telegraph for the construction of a TOWER FOR A BELL. Specifications can be seen, till Wednesday next, at the office of
GEO. WILDEN,
jy17:g11 No. 60 Market street, up stairs.

$25 REWARD WILL BE PAID for information that will lead to the conviction of the miscreant who stole from the tan yard of the undersigned.
A JERSEY WAGON,
on the morning of the 8th inst.
ANDREW HARE,
jy14:f71 Duquesne Borough.

25 CASES CHARTER OAK LEAD just received and for sale by
GEORGE A. KELLY,
jy14 Wholesale Druggist, 87 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

50 BOXES PRIME LEMONS TO arrive and for sale by
SEYMER & BROS.,
jy17 Nos. 123 and 125 Wood street.

50 BOXES PRIME ORANGES TO arrive and for sale by
SEYMER & BROS.,
jy17 Nos. 123 and 125 Wood street.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)
Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
Foreign Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Coupons.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

SECOND ANNUAL PIC-NIC
OF THE
Relief Steam Fire Engine
AND HOSE COMPANY,
At Glenwood Grove, Friday, July 20, 1866.
TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.
Trains leave foot of Ross street, at 8:30 and 11 o'clock a. m., and 1 and 3 o'clock p. m.
Music by Christie's Mozart Band. jy19-g21

SUMMER SHAWLS,
BLACK SILK SACQUES,
PIQUE SACQUES,
FOR SALE BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.'s,
25 Fifth Street.

W. H. GARRARD....D. A. BOOTH....W. T. GARRARD.
POINT MALT HOUSES.
W. H. GARRARD & CO.,
Malsters, Grain & Hop Dealers,
No. 17 Water Street; and
Nos. 5 and 7 Penn Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
The highest market price paid for WHEAT, BARLEY, RYE, CORN and OATS. jy18:g18

STREET COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 17, 1866.
NOTICE—SLAUGHTER HOUSES, HOG PENS AND HOGS.
Notice is hereby given to all owners of HOGS and HOG PENS that the same must be removed outside the city limits, according to the provisions of the ordinance adopted July 12, 1866, entitled "An Ordinance Relating to Nuisances." If the same are not removed within TEN DAYS the penalties prescribed in said ordinance will be rigidly enforced.
Owners of SLAUGHTER HOUSES are also notified that the same must be removed outside of the city limits, according to the provisions of said ordinance, within FIFTEEN DAYS, or the same will be proceeded against in the manner.
Persons owning OPEN LOTS are hereby notified to have the same fenced up immediately, so as to prevent the accumulation of filth thereon.
And owners of property upon which are PRIVIES that have been declared a nuisance by said ordinance, if not removed and abated immediately, will be proceeded against in like manner.
No further notice will be given in the above cases, but upon failure to comply with the law at the expiration of the time herein specified, immediate measures will be taken to compel its enforcement.
jy18:g18

IOWA FOUNDRY FOR SALE.
WITH A DESIRE TO RETIRE from busin ss I offer for sale my
FOUNDRY,
which consists of the Real Estate, Buildings, Machinery, Lathes, Tools, &c., together with the good will and name of the business, as I have conducted the same. The establishment, well known throughout the United States, is celebrated for being
One of the Leading Foundries
for constructing and making and putting up
ALL KINDS OF ROLLING MILLS,
and for all kinds of Machinery generally, to all the mills throughout the country, with extensive and rare facilities, having a full supply of patterns for turning out work, either light or heavy. This affords an opportunity seldom offered to parties wishing to engage in a manufacturing establishment of the kind. If the purchaser should desire it
The Property will be Leased for a Term of Years,
and the Patterns, Tools, Lathes, and all the machinery will be retained for sale.
For terms, &c., apply to
JOHN C. PARRY,
At the Iowa Foundry, "SECOND AND GASS STS.,
Pittsburgh, Pa. jy18:g18

NEW AND USEFUL ENTERPRISE
HARRINGTON'S CELEBRATED
Self-Rarifying Patent Tuyere,
FOR BLACKSMITH'S
And all Others Using a Blast.
County, State and Territorial Rights for sale at great bargains.
Throughout the Eastern States this TUYERE is in general use.
The following named practical workmen, among many others of Pittsburgh and vicinity, have cordially certified to its excellent performance:
JOHN WILSON, Torrens Smith Shop, Pa. R. R.;
JOHN DORIS, Pittsburgh
MARTIN FROMER, do;
WM. ASKINS do;
Also Messrs. Fulton's, Son & Co., 91 Second street; Messrs. Lewis, Oliver & Philips, corner Ferry and Water streets, keep them constantly on hand.
Rights will be sold for cash at low rates, but valuable real or personal property, such as town or city lots, or other real estate; horses, carriages, &c., will be taken at cash rates to such extent as may be agreed upon. Address,
J. R. HARRINGTON,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Or 71 SACKETT STREET, Brooklyn, New York.
jy18:g17

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, 23d Collection District, Pittsburgh, July 14th, 1866.
THE ANNUAL LISTS OF LICENSES AND TAXES ON INCOMES, CARRIAGES, WATCHES, PIANOS, SILVER PLATE, &c., is now in this office, and after this date payment will be received thereon for the City of Pittsburgh, Borough of Lawrenceville and Pitt township.
Licenses must be taken out before the 31st inst.; after that date 10 per cent. will be added.
Taxes on Incomes, Carriages, Watches, &c., must be paid before the 30th of August; after that date the penalty will be added.
Deputy Collectors W. F. HARRISON and JOHN A. SERGEANT will be ready to receive, after the 15th instant, for that portion of the District not included in the above limits, and will post notices through the different Boroughs and Townships of the times and places when and where they will be prepared to receive taxes.
WM. LITTLE,
jy14:3?6;3&wT Collector, 23d District, Pa.

J. D. RAMALEY,
334 Liberty Street,
FASHIONABLE HATTER
And Dealer in all kinds of
HATS AND CAPS,
FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN.
The Newest Styles always on hand and at the Lowest Prices.
Look out for the FOUR LARGE WINDOWS, opposite Wayne street. jy2:m82:?78

FOR RENT.
THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS for rent, until the 1st of January next, the house now occupied by him,
No. 66 Smithfield Street,
It is within a minute's walk of the Postoffice; has double parlors, large bed rooms, &c., and is provided with gas and water. For a physician or lawyer there is no better location in the city. The PURNITURE, CARPETS, &c., will be sold with the house, if desired
For terms, apply to
D. O'NEILL,
DAILY DISPATCH OFFICE,
jy16:g19 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, June 25th, 1866.
DIVIDEND No. 16.—The Board of Directors of this Company have declared the regular dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½) PER CENT. on the capital stock for the quarter ending June 30, payable, free of United States tax, on and after July 5 next.
The semi-annual dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF (3½) PER CENT., due October 1, on the third mortgage bonds is also ordered paid, less United States tax, in anticipation, at the same time.
Shareholders and bondholders registered at New York will receive their dividends at the Banking House of WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., and those registered at Pittsburgh of the Treasurer in that city.
The transfer books will close June 25, at 2 o'clock P. M., and will re-open July 5, thereafter.
By order of the Board.
F. M. HUTCHINSON,
jy12:f61 Secretary.

REMOVAL.
160. Smithfield Street. 160.
JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
Formerly of 80 FIFTH STREET, has removed to
No. 160 Smithfield Street,
Two doors above Sixth street, where he has an excellent stock of
Pianos, Melodeons, Organs,
And all kinds of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS and STRINGS. Musical Instruments repaired with neatness and dispatch. jy15:?87

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PRESSES,
Copying, Seal and Canceling.
WRITING FLUID,
Arnold's, Laughlin & Rushfield's, Holden's and Maynard & Noyes'.
CARMINE INKS,
American and French.
PENCILS,
*Black Lead, Red and Blue.*
GOLD, STEEL AND AMALGAM PENS.
RUBBER GOODS,
Gold Mounted Pencils, Pen Holders, and Rulers.
FOR SALE BY
W. S. HAVEN,
PRINTER AND STATIONER.
jy19:g18 corner of Wood and Third streets.

PROPOSALS.
PROPOSALS
Agricultural Land Scrip for Sale.
THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT having granted to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Land Scrip, representing 780,000 acres of Public Land, for the endowment of Agricultural Colleges in this State, the Board of Commissioners now offer this Land scrip to the public.
Proposals for the purchase of this Land Scrip, addressed to "The Board of Commissioners of Agricultural Land Scrip," will be received at the Surveyor General's Office, at Harrisburg, until
Wednesday, August 15, 1866.
This land may be located in any State or Territory, by the holders of the scrip, upon any of the unappropriated lands (except mineral lands) of the United States which may be subject to sale at private entry. Each piece of scrip represents a quarter-section of one hundred and sixty acres. Bids must be made as per acre, and no bids will be received for less than one quarter section.
The Scrip will be issued immediately on the payment of the money to the surveyor-General, one-third of which must be paid within ten days and the remaining two-thirds within thirty days after notification of the acceptance of the bid or bids by the Board of Commissioners.
J. M. CAMPBELL,
Surveyor-General.
jy17:g19 For the Board of Commissioners.
WM. MILLER, Philadelphia. C. W. RICKETSON, Pittsburgh.
MILLER & RICKETSON,
Wholesale Grocers,
AND IMPORTERS OF
BRANDIES, WINES AND CIGARS,
Nos. 221 and 223,
Corner of Liberty and Irwin Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
IRON, NAILS, COTTON YARNS, &C.,
Constantly on hand.
jy11

J. D. RAMALEY,
336 Liberty Street,
DEALER IN
FINE CLOTHING,
OF
NEW YORK MANUFACTURE,
AND
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
Wholesale and Retail
Agent for GEO. GRANT'S PRIZE MEDAL and MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS.
Remember the NEW IRON FRONT, opposite Wayne street. jy17:m42:?78

STEPHEN M. OTT,
GENERAL
Die Sinker, Seal and Medal Engraver,
STENCIL, BRAND AND STEEL LETTER CUTTER.
SUPERIOR SEAL PRESSES,
Cancelling Stamps and Visiting Cards,
Also, PLATES FOR MARKING CLOTHING.
93 Wood St., Cor. Diamond Alley,
(ABOVE DAVIS' BOOK STORE.)
le23:e1 PITTSBURGH.

INCREASE OF PENSIONS.
BY THE ACT OF JUNE 6th, 1866,
$25 per month is granted to all soldiers or sailors who have lost both eyes, or both hands, or permanently disabled in the same.
$20 to all who have lost both feet, or a hand and a foot, or have the same permanently disabled.
$15 to those who have a hand, or a foot, or otherwise disabled permanently.
Also, pensions are extended to dependent FATHERS AND BROTHERS.
W. J. & HALL PATTERSON, Attorneys,
jy12 71 Grant Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

UTILITY WORKS.
McLEAN & SLATOR,
No. 83 Liberty St., opposite Fourth,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CABINET MAKERS' HARDWARE.
They make a specialty of Iron Bedstead and Pivot Castors; Porcelain, Bedstead and Pivot Castors; Bedstead Fastenings; Stops for Extension Tables, &c. They also manufacture and have constantly on hands Thumb Latches, Spring Latches, M'Lean's Window Sash Supporters, M'Lean's Reversible Sash Button, Utility Shutter and Blind Hinges, Grindstone Hangings, Sad Irons, Sash Weights, &c., &c.
jy7:m93

TIBBY, M'KEE & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
FLINT GLASS PRESCRIPTION
VIALS AND BOTTLES.
Office, No. 90 WATER STREET, 2d floor.
Works, LUMBER STREET, near Penn.
All ware warranted equal to any in the city.
jy7:f24-tu&s

SUPERIOR OAK TANNED, PATENT STRETCHED AND RIVETED
LEATHER BELTING AND HOSE,
Manufactured at No. 58 SMITHFIELD ST., by
HARTLEY, PHELPS & CO.
Also, Agents for New York Rubber Co.

Gum Belting.
Always on hand, a superior quality of LACE LEATHER and GUM HYDRANT HOSE, COPPER RIVETS and BURS, BELT HOOKS, etc. [Inserted]
GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS.
J. H. JOHNSTON,
Maker and Dealer in
Fine Rifles and Shot Guns,
ARMY, NAVY and POCKET REVOLVERS, CARBINES and RIFLES. All kinds of
MUSKETOON,
And GUN MAKER'S MATERIAL. Military Companies furnished with arms at short notice. All kinds of repairing done in the best manner.
SHOT GUNS FOR HIRE.
Remember the place,
Corner Penn and Wayne Streets,
jy5:m70 PITTSBURGH, PA.

1866. SPRING HATS. 1866.
McCORD & CO.,
181 WOOD STREET,
Wish to call special attention to their large and well selected stock of
Hats, &c., for Spring and Summer Wear,
An Endless Variety.
LADIES' DERBYS, YACHTS, SEASIDES, Etc.; GENTS' and BOYS' SARATOGAS, SHOW'S TRAVS, BRIGHTONS, BUMMERS, MORTONS, DERBYS, FETUS, &c., &c.
STRAW GOODS of every description, to suit all tastes.
Notice to Invalid Pensioners.
ALL INVALID PENSIONERS who are now receiving a pension of $8 per month, are
Entitled to from $15 to $25,
According to rate of disability, under act of June 6th, 1866. Apply at once, or address
B. F. BROWN,
Late Local Claim Ag't, U. S. Sanitary Com'sn,
jy11:f39 67 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DISSOLUTION.—The firm of O'NEILL & ANDERSON, Book and Job Printers, is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. All parties having claims against the same can present them to either of the undersigned for settlement.
DANIEL O'NEILL,
WILLIAM ANDERSON.
July 14th, 1866.

Having disposed of my interest in the "Gazette Steam Job Printing establishment" to Mr. Russell Errett, I desire to return my thanks to my friends for the liberal patronage bestowed upon the office during my connection with it; and I would further recommend the new firm to the public as in every way worthy of their confidence and support. Their facilities for doing all kinds of printing are all that can be desired, and any work sent to their office will be executed with neatness and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms. D. O'NEILL.
PITTSBURGH, July 14th, 1866. jy16:?98

RUSSELL ERRETT.....WILLIAM ANDERSON.
ERRETT & ANDERSON,
Book and Job Printers,
Will continue the Book and Job Printing business in all its branches, at the
CAZETTE STEAM
JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
84 Fifth St., Gazette Building.
And respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. jy16:f99

DAY, McABOY & SPANG,
PROPRIETORS OF
IRON CITY NAME WORKS.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
Nos. 45 Wood and 102 and 104 Third St,
IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN
Saddlery Hardware and Trimming,
And Manufacturers of all varieties of
Superior Wood and Iron Hames,
Wrought Post Bits, Ring bits, Snaffles, Brandoons, Wheel Bits, Mullen Bits, &c., &c. Keep also on hand a full and complete assortment of goods in their line, all of which they offer at as fair prices, and on as good terms as are offered by any house in the trade EAST OR WEST. my24:f?84

J. D. RAMALEY,
334 Liberty Street,
Dealer in all kinds of
Boots and Shoes.
Always on hand a large and varied assortment of
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
CUSTOM MADE SHOES AND GAITERS,
Of the finest New York Manufacture,
And at Lower Prices than Down Town
Remember the FOUR LARGE WINDOWS, opposite Wayne street. jy27:m42:?178

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been appointed Receiver for the firm of POTTER R. FRIEND & CO., by the District Court of Allegheny County, Pa., I shall sell at public sale, on the premises, on the 1st day of AUGUST, 1866, without reserve, and to the highest bidder, the following described property, lying on the north-known as
WAMPUM FURNACE,
Situate at Wampum Station, on the Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad, 31 miles northeast of Pittsburgh, with about 1,000 acres of land, including all the iron ore, Coal, Lime Stone, Fire Clay, &c., and with never failing springs of water.
Will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. The substantial stone stack, 50 feet high by 30 feet at base, and 11 feet bosh, and has made from 15 to 25 tons of metal per day. Also, the engine and machinery, 75 feet in blast of 80 inch of pipe, one Engine, of 175 horse-power, and 4 Blast Iron Blowing Cylinders, 42 inches, stock and casting houses, coal and coke houses, weigh house, scales, &c. Also, 12 coke ovens, with 2 coke kilns, 2 double and 2 single tenements, boarding house, store house and warehouse, blacksmith shop, stables and other buildings. Also, Coal Railroad, and sufficient cars to convey minerals, &c., to and from the furnace. The company also have favorable leases for the principal portion of the lands in the vicinity.
The property fronts on Beaver river, and Beaver and Erie Canal, which offers to capitalists a rare chance for investment. For further particulars address
SAMUEL M. KIER,
jy13:57 Pittsburgh, Pa.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
No. 167 Smithfield Street,
Manufacturers of
Lead and Block Tin, Pipe and Sheet Lead;
Wholesale and retail dealers in all kinds of
Brass and Steam Goods,
AND PUMPS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
167 Smithfield street.
jy16:m4 7?

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY
JOS. SPENCER, JAS. M'KAY.
SPENCER & McKAY,
MAL

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c

SUMMER BALMORALS,

IN BLACK AND WHITE,

WHITE SHETLAND SHAWLS,
WHITE JACONET AND SWISS WAISTS.
BLACK BEADED PARASOLS,
SILK SUN UMBRELLAS,
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF FANS.

GREAT SALE OF COTTON HOSE.

Six Pairs White Cotton Hose for $1!

A FRESH STOCK OF

BEAD GIMPS AND BUTTONS,

JUST RECEIVED A

Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.

N. B.—Our store will be closed at 5 o'clock P. M., excepting on Saturday. jy13

TRIMMINGS AT

EATON'S.

A Beautiful Line of

WHITE AND BLACK BEAD TRIMMINGS,
GUIPURE LACES,
GIMPS, GUIPURE LACE
CHICKEN BUTTONS, etc., etc.

WITH A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

LADIES' COTTON HOSIERY,
MISSES COTTON HOSIERY,
BOYS' COTTON HOSIERY,
GENTS COTTON HALF HOSE.
GENTS DOUBLE THREAD HOSE.
LADIES' WHITE SILK THREAD HOSE.
BUFF SILK GLOVES.
SQUARE LACE VEILS.
BLACK SPOTTED VEILS.
REAL LACES AND EDGINGS.
LINEN COLLARS & CUFFS.

WITH A COMPLETE STOCK OF

EMBROIDERIES, WHITE GOODS, FANCY GOODS,

AND NOTIONS,

At Wholesale or Retail, at

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street.

jy7

NEW GOODS!

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

We are now opening an elegant assortment of NEW GOODS, embracing the cheapest styles of

REAL LACE GOODS,
RICH SILK PARASOLS,
ELEGANT PATTERNS IN
THE NEWEST STYLE DRESS TRIMMINGS,
REAL GUIPURE LACE,
FINE PEARL BUTTONS.

We have just opened a beautiful lot of

REAL GUIPURE COLLARS AND CUFFS.

We would invite special attention to a new and splendid assortment of

LADIES' BUFF AND BLACK BERLIN GLOVES.

GLOVES is the new Petersham Havana shades. An assortment of new colors in KID GLOVES.

BLACK MITTS and GAUNTLETS.

A most complete assortment of

LADIES' HALF HOSE, CUTTOFFS, HOSE,
GENT'S FINE SHIRTS, HOSIERY, TIES, SCARFS;
COLLARS, HALF HOSE, SUSPENDERS, UMBRELLAS,
LADIES' and GENT'S GAUZE MERINO UNDERVESTS.

To Merchants and Dealers.

Our Wholesale Department, now well stocked with everything in the NOTION LINE, which we offer to the Trade as low as any house East or West.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street,

Agents for the "LOCKWOOD MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S" BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ALLIPTIC SKIRT at Manufacturers' Prices. may12

AT

JOS. HORNE & CO's.

SUN-DOWN, SUNBEAM AND DERBY HATS,
MAY BLOSSOMS, DEWDROPS, DAISIES,
COQUETTE AND HAMILTON HATS.
CHIP, HAIR, STRAW BONNETS in new shapes.
FANCY PARASOLS in new styles.
RIBBONS, plain, figured and checked, all widths.
FLOWERS, WREATHS, BUDS and ROSES.
STRAW GOODS, TRIMMINGS and ORNAMENTS.

Millinery Goods.

SWISS, CHECKS, BRILLIANT, NAINSOOKS,
FARLAND MUSLINS, LINENS,
and a full assortment of

WHITE GOODS,

REAL AND IM. CHUNY LACE COLLARS,
REAL LACE COLLARS, REAL
POINTE LACE COLLARS, SETTS, REAL HANDKERCHIEFS, HAMBURG TRIMMING AND FLOUNCING, SWISS EDGE AND BANDS AND INSERTINGS, LINEN COLLARS, CUFFS AND SETTS, various styles.

Puff Illusion, Swiss and French Cambric Waists.

PARIS RUFFLINGS AND SHIETING, COLLARS, SETTS, EDGINGS, FRILLINGS and EMBROIDERIES, DRESS TRIMMINGS in GUIPURE, AND CHEVIL LACE, FANCY BRAID, BUTTON, BALL AND DROP TRIMMING.

Bead Streamers, Ornaments and Setts.

BUTTONS.

In the choicest styles, BEAD, SILK, FANCY CROTCHET, LACE AND WHITE PEARL, IMPERIELLE, JET, BALL, GLASS AND CAMEO plain and paneled.

CORSETS, NETS, COILS, HAIR PUFFS AND ROLLS; HAIR PINS, and BON TON HOOP SKIRTS; BELTS, BELTING, AND BUCKLES. FANS in great variety from palm leaf to ivory; GLOVES; LADIES' and GENTS' HOSE and HALF HOSE; SHIRT FRONTS, "STAR" SHIRTS; TIES, SUSPENDERS; LINEN, SILK AND SHEETING. TRAVELLING BAGS and SATCHELS; HAIR BRUSHES; COMBS; and a

FULL LINE OF NOTIONS.

ALL AT POPULAR PRICES.

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street. je15:d24

C. ARBUTHNOT, W. P. SHANNON, J. G. STEPHENSON.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Have just opened a large stock of

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods.

Adapted to the present season's trade, which they offer at the LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

NEW PRINTS,
DELAINES, LAWNS,
GINGHAMS,
WHITE GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
SHETLAND SHAWLS,
BALMORALS
SCARFS,
CORONADES,
FARMER'S AND MECHANICS' CASSIMERES,
JEANS, CLOTHS,
LINENS, DRILLS,
BLEACHED and BROWN SHEETINGS and SHIRTINGS.

Buntings, Cotton and Linen Duck, &c.

Merchants are invited to call and examine our stock and prices. je11

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 34 Wood St.,

(Third house above Diamond Alley,)

je6:d3 PITTSBURGH, PA.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGARS,

No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,

Third door from Suspension Bridge,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

Branch Store at Salem, Ohio. my24:b38

R. B. JEFFRIES,

Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS.

No. 68 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

A large assortment of MEERSCHAUM PIPES and SMOKING TOBACCO, of the best quality, kept on hands. my24:b70

GEORGE BLUMENSCHEIN,

DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

SEGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO,

Smoking Tobacco, Pipes, &c.

No. 4 Seventh Street,

(Near corner of Liberty,)

my18:b14 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Segars,

45 HAND STREET.

A general assortment of Smoking Tobacco, Pipes and Tobacco Pouches always on hand. my21:b51

MERCHANT TAILORS.

SUMMER CLOTHING

FOR BOYS,

YOUTHS, and

CHILDREN.

A good variety of all the Summer styles, at moderate prices, by

GRAY & LOGAN,

47 St. Clair Street.

jy10

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Northwest Corner of Penn & St. Clair Sts.

Desires to return thanks to his friends and the public generally for their liberal patronage, and would respectfully inform them that he has just returned from the Eastern Markets with a large and well selected stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Which he is prepared to GENTLEMEN'S SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR. je9



# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1866.


## CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Additional Local Matters on First Page.

**The Gazette.**—Persons leaving the city during the summer, can have the GAZETTE mailed to them by leaving their address at our counting room.

**The Prize Ring in Pittsburgh—Fight on Gazzam's Hill—A Veteran Master of Ceremonies.**

Quite a commotion was occasioned in Pitt township, yesterday morning, by a rumor being noised about that a prize fight would take place that morning on Gazzam's Hill, immediately above the Soho Bridge. The news reached us about ten o'clock, and, impelled by curiosity, we started at once for the scene of strife. When we had toiled to the summit of the rugged hill, we found quite a crowd collected in the excavation made by the erection of Fort Soho, while in opposite corners of the fort stood the gladiators preparing for the fight, each surrounded by a few friends, who appeared, by the nervous manner in which they hastened to comply with the most trivial requests of the prospective combatants, to be in a feverish state of excitement and anxiety as to the result.

On inquiry, we learned that William Jones and David Davis were the respective candidates for pugilistic honors, that they lived in East Birmingham, and were employed in a certain rolling mill in that borough. We are also informed that they had no malice against each other whatever, but at the instigation of their friends (!) had determined to ascertain, by a fair fight, which was the better man. After considerable discussion, a ring was made by the crowd forming themselves into a hollow square around Jones and Davis, who were dressed in light pants and light net shirts, the arms of which were cut off at the shoulder. An old man named Morgan, who could scarce have been a day less than sixty years of age, acted as master of ceremonies, and also filled the responsible position of judge and referee. On "time" being called by Morgan, both men advanced to the centre of the arena and shook hands, preparatory to pitching into each other, which they did immediately after the peaceful salutation. After both had received several smart blows about the head and body Morgan advised them to "take wind," which they did by walking back and forward in their different "corners" for about two minutes, during which time considerable betting was done among the crowd, the favorite being Davis, on whom odds of two to one were freely offered and taken by the friends of Jones. "Time" being again called by the veterans, the men took their places, when each showed a disposition to avoid close quarters by sparring and dodging around the enclosure. At length Jones, in attempting to rally his antagonist, was met by a left-hander on the nose which caused the claret to flow profusely, and before he could recover his equilibrium he received another terrific blow in the right eye, which stretched him at full length on the ground. He was immediately picked up and a bottle of spirits applied to his lips, after drinking a portion of which he told his friends that he had enough of the fight, and was willing to acknowledge the supremacy of Davis, who was then declared the victor, amid the shouts of a dozen dirty-faced boys. Morgan quitted the field thoroughly disgusted with the manner in which the affair terminated, stating that Jones had acted like a cur, and was not entitled to the respect of sporting men. The whole thing, from beginning to end, was the most ridiculous exhibition of a perverted and brutal taste, that is, happily, with many other barbarisms, fast going out of existence.

**Capsizing of a Skiff in the Monongahela River—Two Women and a Man Receive an Unexpected Bath.**

About half-past eight o'clock yesterday morning a gentleman named Thomas Davidson, in company with his wife and another lady named Ellen Kirkland were crossing the Monongahela river in a skiff near the Four Mile Run, for the purpose of taking the city bound train on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, at Laughlin's station. When almost in the middle of the stream the Brownsville packet Fayette came along, and at the request of one of the ladies Davidson started to row into the wave immediately in the wake of the steamer. A few strokes brought him almost in front of the vessel when Mrs. Davidson shouted for him to quit rowing as they would undoubtedly be run over if he did not. Instead of paying attention to the warning of his wife, he continued to row until the prow of the skiff struck the boat about midships, when the skiff capsized, throwing Davidson and the two ladies into the water.

The accident being unseen by any person on the Fayette, she continued her course up the river, while the skiff bottom upwards, with Miss Kirkland clinging to it, drifted down the stream. On striking the shore, Davidson, with wonderful presence of mind, grasped the sinking form of his wife, and with some exertion succeeded in reaching a high sand bar, on which there is but a few feet of water, extending from the mouth of the run to almost the spot where the accident occurred. Miss Kirkland was rescued from her perilous position, a short distance below, by a couple of men who were fortunately engaged in raising some logs which had been sunken in the river the night before. The entire party have ample reason to thank Providence for their almost miraculous escape from drowning, while the remembrance of the incident should be as a solemn warning to Davidson, and others, against the reckless manner of approaching passing steamers, in such frail crafts, which on the slightest collision are apt to overturn.

**The Sheep Thief.**

William Daly, who was arrested some days since, on a charge of stealing sheep, is still in the lock-up in Allegheny. On the day since his arrest, drovers from localities in the vicinity of the city, have visited the Mayor's office in search of "lost sheep," and in nearly every instance have identified their missing property in the "fold" found in the possession of Daly. Since the confinement of Daly, his apparent meekness for sheep has been developed into a weakness of mind, either real or assumed. He has amused himself by rearing his clothing from his person, striking at the officers through the cell bars, and hurling such missiles as accidentally come within his reach at persons who pass his cell. Sometimes he appears to be quite rational, but at other times his actions indicate that he is of unsound mind. It is almost impossible to determine whether he is "playing possum" or not, but the impression prevails that the certainty of his conviction on the charges made against him has something to do with the "symptoms." He was removed to jail last evening.

**The Funeral of Col. S. W. Black.**—The remains of the late lamented Col. Black will, it is expected, arrive in this city during the latter part of the week. An adjourned meeting of the late members of the Sixty-second Pa. regiment will be held in the Hall of the Firemen's Association, this evening, to complete the arrangements for the funeral. The funeral services will take place in the First Presbyterian Church, Wood street, but the day has not been determined upon. The obsequies will doubtless be of a very imposing character, as there is a general desire among our citizens to participate in paying this last sad honor to the gallant dead.

**Order for Removal.**—An order was issued yesterday morning by Judge McCandless, at the instance of United States Attorney Carnahan, directing the removal of a prisoner now in custody of the United States authorities of Williamsport, Pa., to the county jail in this city. The prisoner is charged with dealing in counterfeit money, and will be tried at the special term of the United States court, to be held in this city in August. Since the destruction of the county jail at Williamsport, the prisoners have been confined in the cellar of the court house in that city—a very unsafe place, and an exceedingly uncomfortable one for those incarcerated.

**What is It?**—While passing along Fifth street, yesterday, we noticed a young lady crossing Smithfield to the Postoffice with something on her head—to our masculine gaze—very peculiar. This something was about six inches in circumference somewhat resembling the top of a mushroon or an inverted saucer and was constructed of blue silk in the centre, from which extended two rows of wheaten straw, giving it the appearance of the head gear worn by the crazed Ophelia in the fourth act of Hamlet. From our description can any one tell us what this *thing* was—a hat or a bonnet.

**To Be Paved at Last.**—Gibbon street, in the Eighth ward, from Magee street to Chestnut, is about to be graded and paved. This is an improvement that should have been made ten years ago, as the street is in the heart of the city. While other streets at the extreme limits of the city have been paved and gaslighted, the needed thoroughfare has been left in a deplorable condition, the mud at some seasons almost impeding travel, and forcing equestrians to avoid it under the penalty of swamping.

**The Way of It.**—In our report of the surrender of Ellen Gerry by her bailee, and the subsequent release, on the brother-in-law de positing $200 in greenbacks for her security, we stated that Alderman Lynch received the second bail. This was an error, as the bail taken was the second bail in the case, and merely acted the part of mediator between Ellen and her suspicious bailee. The Alderman is too well versed in legal lore, to make any such mistake.

**Malicious Mischief.**—Margaret Butler was before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, charged with malicious mischief on oath of Paul Carter. Paul alleges that the accused struck a dog of the deponent over the back with a poker and afterwards threw the poker through the window of his dwelling from a malicious motive to do him an injury. Margaret being unable to make a satisfactory defence for her conduct, was held in three hundred dollars to answer at court.

**Prostrated by the Heat.**—Yesterday morning about eleven o'clock a man whose name we were unable to ascertain, fell on the corner of Sixth street and Cherry alley. On being picked up he was discovered to be bleeding from the nose, which gives rise to the supposition that he had been prostrated by the heat.

**Finally Committed.**—Amanza Stewart, arrested some time since for the larceny of a carpet-sack from the Union Depot Hotel, had a final hearing before the Mayor yesterday, which resulted in his being committed for trial.

**Arrested and Held to Bail.**—William Forrester appeared before Mayor McCarthy yesterday, and made oath against J. Richter for surety of the peace. Forrester was arrested and held in $200 to keep the peace.


**Special Caution.**—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has become so popular that various nostrums have put forth, calling them Mrs. Winslow's. Please take notice that the Mrs. Winslow of the Soothing Syrup is not associated with any other article. jy13:d&w


## EARLY TELEGRAMS.

### FROM EUROPE.

**Arrival of the Africa—Prussia and Italy Accept Proposals for an Armistice—Franco-Prussian Conflicting Reports—Evacuation of Lombardy and Venetia—Sailing of the French Fleet to take Possession of the Venice.**

HALIFAX, July 8.—The Africa arrived at 8 o'clock A. M., from Liverpool, July 7th, via Queenstown, July 8th.

The latest advices state that Prussia and Italy have accepted the proposal for an armistice. The Prussians, however, had advanced further into Bohemia.

Heavy cannonading had been heard on the afternoon of the 7th, in the direction of Konigratz. It was supposed that the Prussians were attacking the fortress.

PARIS, July 7.—Prussia and Italy, though their reply had not been made public, have refused the armistice, and Cialdini has crossed the Po, while on the other hand the Austrians have re-crossed the Mincio, having decided to evacuate Lommardy and Venetia.

The French iron-clad fleet was to have sailed from Toulon for the Adriatic this morning in order to take possession of Venice. The general opinion is that France will receive Sardinia in exchange for Venetia, and will give that island to the Pope or keep it herself. Public sentiment approves of the transaction.

Although Italy has refused the armistice she has appointed the Marquis De Pappoli Commissioner of the Government to transact the negotiations relative to the annexation of Venetia to the Kingdom of Victor Emanuel.

Great activity prevails in the French arsenals. New experiments with the needle-gun, to which arm the Prussian victories are attributed, are being made at Vincennes.

The public generally do not believe in peace, and look upon the intervention of France now directly interested in the contest, as inevitable.

The Paris *La Presse*, of the 7th, says: Prince Metternich arrived at the Tuileries at nine A. M., announced himself fully authorized to treat upon the basis as sent to Vienna in the morning. The interview lasted one hour and a half, and when he left, the Emperor, turning to the Empress, said: "Eugenie, there is a good day for France. You, at Aurieres, I at Paris, have done to-day a good work."

The *Liberiez* of the 7th says: The German Federal army is not trustworthy. At Mayence a portion cheered for the King of Prussia.

### FROM NEW YORK.

**One Hundred and Fifty-Eight Deaths in One Day—Subscription in Aid of Portland Sufferers—Counterfeiters Arrested.**

NEW YORK, July 18.—One hundred and fifty-eight burial permits were issued yesterday, eighty of which were made out and recorded as burial permits for persons deceased after a short illness.

Yesterday was the hottest day ever known in this city. The thermometer stood at one hundred and two degrees in the shade, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Out of forty-three cases of sunstroke, twenty-three proved fatal, and nine cases out of sixteen in Brooklyn, were attended with fatal results. There were five cases reported to be cholera in the city yesterday. Four of the patients died, and the other, it seems, was affected only with cholera morbus. Nine cases were reported in Brooklyn.

The mortality report for the past week shows the number of deaths by cholera in New York to have been eleven.

The total of subscriptions in aid of the sufferers by the Portland conflagration in this city, is $109,592.

Seven counterfeiters of National currency were arrested yesterday, and a large amount of bogus money, plates, dies, presses, &c., were captured. The parties arrested are believed to be extensive dealers in the counterfeiters in this city, and their arrangements for prosecuting their nefarious works were admirable. They were all committed to jail.

### FROM WASHINGTON.

**The Case of Licut. Col. Paulding—The President Directs the Sentence to be Carried into Effect—The Mexican Question—Something Important to Transpire.**

NEW YORK, July 18.—Morning papers contain the following specials: It is reported that Mr. P. R. Huriburd is to be appointed Acting Comptroller of of the Currency on the departure of Mr. Clark.

The President has approved the findings and sentence of the court martial in the case of Lieut. Col. Paulding, and directs that the sentence be carried into effect.

There is evidently something very important about to transpire here in reference to Mexican affairs. Secretary Seward's messenger has left this morning for New York, where he has been specially to see General Ortega, with instructions from the Secretary of State. He was dispatched with instructions to ask Gen. Ortega if, in the event of our Government recognizing him as the legal President of Mexico, and forming a treaty with him, he would consent to call Santa Anna the Generalissimo-in-Chief of the Mexican army. It is known that the messenger saw Ortega, but it has not transpired what reply he made to the question.

**From Cincinnati.**

CINCINNATI, July 18.—The weather still continues hot. Two fatal cases of sunstroke occurred yesterday.

The stockholders of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad, at a meeting yesterday, agreed to increase the capital stock of the company five hundred thousand dollars.

## NOTICES.

### NOTICE.

TO THE HOLDERS OF BOUNTY CERTIFICATES, from No. 1 to 161, inclusive.

### THE FOURTH WARD SCHOOL BOARD

Of Allegheny city will redeem the above numbers of the last certificates issued by the Bounty Commissioners in May, 1865, on presentation to D. HEADLEY, Esq., Treasurer, at the Second National Bank of Allegheny.

Other numbers will be advertised for as soon as the taxes are collected.

R. B. FRANCIS, President.
R. KOLLECK, Secretary.
ALLEGHENY, July 14, 1866. jy16:f93

### NOTICE.

To the Rax Payers of the City of Pittsburgh.

THE CITY TREASURER is now ready to receive all taxes payable at this office, No. 119 Fourth street, subject to a reduction of FIVE PER CENT. if paid before the 1ST DAY OF AUGUST NEXT.

The Mercantile Licenses are due and must be paid before the FIRST DAY OF JULY NEXT, in order to save cost and expense of suit before an Alderman. je13:d5 WM. EICHBAUM, Treasurer.

### NOTICE.

THE REMAINING PART of the large property for sale laid out in Boyd & Allen's plan of lots, will be sold in lots or by the acre. Splendid for gardening purposes or for country seats. Apply to JOHN BOYD, at the office of Kirkpatrick & Mellon, corner of Diamond and Cross street, or to BI. HAND ALLEN, on the property, at Lower St. Clair Hotel. my17:s36

### MERCHANTS' HOTEL,

Corner Smithfield and Third Streets,

PITTSBURGH.

THIS OLD FAVORITE HOTEL having been thoroughly renovated, repaired and refurnished,

IS NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

The proprietor (formerly of the ST. CHARLES,) expects from its central location, his experience, determination to please, and by MODERATE CHARGES, to deserve and receive a liberal patronage.

S. H. RIAL, Proprietor.

e29:d65

ALLEGHENY TAXES.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, June 7th, 1866.

Notice is hereby given that the Assessors have now placed in the Treasurer's Office, the Duplicates of City, Poor, City Business, School, School Building and Water Taxes, and of Water Rents for the year 1866, and that said Taxes will now be received in pursuance of the Acts of Assembly of February 27th, 1865, and of April 14th, 1862, subject to the following regulations and allowances:

Five per cent., if paid on or before the first day of July.

Four per cent., if paid on or before the first day of August.

Two per cent., if paid on or before the first day of September.

If paid after the first day of October and on or before the first day of November, an addition of five per cent. shall be added to and payable on the same.

After the first of November, warrants will be issued to enforce the collection of all taxes remaining unpaid, together with the percentage accrued thereon, and the costs.

D. MACFERRON, City Treasurer.

jel

S. S. BRYAN, Broker in Stocks,

BONDS AND REAL ESTATE, 57 FOURTH STREET, (Barke's Building,) buys and sells on Commission BANK, RAILROAD, INSURANCE, PETROLEUM STOCKS, and GOVERNMENT, MUNICIPAL, RAILROAD AND OTHER BONDS.

Orders executed by telegraph at the NEW YORK and PHILADELPHIA STOCK BOARDS at the rates of commission current in those cities. je16

CONSIGNMENT.

100 bbls. New Potatoes;
150 boxes Cheese,
150 do Messina Oranges;
50 do do Lemons;
50 kegs Prime Butter;
Green Apples, Cabbage, Green Corn, Cucumbers, Tomatoes, &c., &c. Arriving by express daily and for sale by W. J. STEEL & BRO.
jy12. No. 128 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MONEY LOAN OFFICE, NO. 151 SMITHFIELD STREET, corner of Sixth, Pittsburgh.

Money Loaned on Silver Plates, Gunt, Pistols, Diamonds, Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches and Clothing, and valuable articles of every description. The goods cannot be delivered without a ticket. Not responsible in case of fire or robbery. Goods of every description for sale at lowest prices. (je14:d28) EMANUEL DEBOY.

THE CELEBRATED STEEL TOOTH HAY RAKES, "Prairie Bird" and "Eagle," are kept constantly on hand at the DUQUESNE WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.

Iron Axles, spring and Plain Wagons, Wheelbarrows and Trucks of every style, made of the best material, at short notice, and warranted.

je6:d30 COLUMBUS COLEMAN.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE QUEEN! THE QUEEN!

THE QUEEN OF

HAIR RESTORERS!

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER is QUEEN, not only in NAME, but in VIRTUES.

Is the Best Hair Restorer ever offered to the Public.

An infallible RESTORER and PRESERVER of the Hair if faithfully applied.

*It is no Hair Dye.*

It acts directly upon the roots of the hair changing grey hair to its original life color; arresting premature decay and falling out of the hair; eradicating scurf and dandruff; and curing all humors of the scalp.

It will change dry and wiry hair to soft and luxuriant tresses.

It imparts a delightful fragrance to the hair.

In short, if you wish to restore your hair, as in youth, and retain it through life, use

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER.

Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
Wholesale Agents.

my30:b92

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FLUE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS; and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. je5:d61

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER. Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 16 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:e36:d&wT

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS.

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO., Manufacturers of PATENT SAWS OF CIRCULARS, warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description, including Muley, Cross-Cut, Gang, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SHEARS, made of Cast Steel; Extra Refined REAPER and MOWING KNIVES, &c.

Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws, and to repairing all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. je5:e33

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, HEAVY MILL AND PINERY MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER PLATE WORK, &c.

Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

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Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,

Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON SHUTTERS, IRON SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 21 SECOND and 26 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice.

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY,

an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which procreate the sexual powers, with means of sure relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my22:b58:d&wT.

## POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

JOHN W. RIDDELL, Chairman, ..... Lawrenceville
CAPT. W. N. ERWIN, ..... Temperanceville
COL. JAMES McKEE, ..... Pittsburgh
GEN. A. L. PEARSON, ..... Lawrenceville
WM. M. WILSON, ..... Pittsburgh
COL. T. M. BAYNE, ..... Ross Township
A. M. WATSON, ..... Sewickley
DAN'L TRIMBLE, ..... Allegheny
STEPHEN H. GEYER, ..... Allegheny
COL. J. R. CUPELAND, ..... Elizabeth
Col. J. ALLISON, ..... McKeesport
JAS. G. MUERAY, ..... Upper St. Clair Township
JOHN S. MYERS, ..... Robinson Township
JOHN McKELVY, ..... Wilkins Township
GEORGE WILSON, ..... Pittsburgh
JON. WHITAKER KELLY, ..... Mount Pleasant
JAMES DICKSON, ..... Neville Township
J. H. GROSS, ..... Liberty Township
CAPT. D. KERNER, ..... Collins Township
WM. F. MILLER, ..... Collins Township
DAVID MILLER, ..... Pittsburgh
WM. M. HERSH, ..... Pittsburgh
Col. J. BALLENTINE, ..... Temperanceville
JOSEPH DILWORTH, ..... Allegheny
CHARLES MARKMEN, ..... Birmingham
JOHN H. ANDERSON, ..... Pittsburgh
JOSEPH FRENCH, ..... Pittsburgh
CAPT. JOHN H. STEWART, ..... Collins Township
WM. S. PORTER, ..... Allegheny
CAPT. JOHN GILFILLAN, ..... Upper St. Clair Township
WM. MITLENZUY, ..... Birmingham

JOHN W. RIDDELL, Chairman.
A. L. PEARSON, }
T. M. BAYNE, } Secretaries. jy7,f25

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

22d DISTRICT.

The UNION REPUBLICAN VOTERS of the 22d Congressional District are requested to meet at the usual places of holding elections in the various Wards, Boroughs and Townships, in said District,

On Saturday, August 11th,

And elect two delegates from each election district, to meet in County Convention on TUESDAY, August 14th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for CONGRESS.

The primary elections in the townships will be held between the hours of four and seven o'clock, and in the wards and boroughs between the hours of four and seven o'clock p. m. In the wards and boroughs the elections shall be by ballot, and in the townships by marking or by ballot.

By order of the Committee.

WM. ANDERSON, } Secretaries.
R. W. THOMAS, } Secretaries. my12:b46-d&w

CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT.

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD

Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends, in response to their call made on him, His name is now presented by them as a candidate for renomination for Congress, for the 22d District, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. my7:te

CONGRESS.

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

Is a Candidate in the 22d District. mh9:1m

CONGRESS.—The friends of

HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 22d District. mh13:6w

COAL, COKE, &c.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

No. 567 Liberty Street.

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR,

are now prepared to furnish good Youghiogheny

LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK,

At the lowest Market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly. my25:b52

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,

DEALER IN

Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal

And Manufacturers of

Coal, Slack, and Desulphurized Coke.

OFFICE AND YARD,

Corner of Butler and Morton; first yard on Liberty and Clymor streets, Ninth ward, and on Second street, near Dock No. 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Families and Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates.

Orders left at any of the yards will receive prompt attention. my25:b28

## AUCTION SALES.

ELEGANT SUBURBAN HOME AND ORNAMENTAL GROUNDS, AT SHADY SIDE STATION, PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6th, 1866, at 10 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, in Liberty township, the elegant suburban residence of Jos. Fenwick, Esq., fronting on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Road and on the Pennsylvania Railroad, immediately opposite Shady Side Station; the grounds containing six acres more or less, and possessed of great natural beauty, tastefully laid out in slopes and graveled walks, and grown with native oaks, hickories and other forest shade trees. The grounds, also planted in ornamental shrubbery, grapevines, gooseberry, currants, &c., with kitchen garden under good cultivation. Also, a thriving young orchard in great variety of Pears, Apples, Peaches, Cherries, Quinces, &c. In addition to a well of good water is a live spring never dry. This is the loveliest situation, and most carefully improved, of any in the beautiful East Liberty Valley, commanding facility of access in few minutes by various roads to the city.

The Mansion is an ornamental two-story brick, with half story or attic, and surmounted with observatory; all built in the most elegant style of art, and the interior of rich and tasteful finish and design, complete and perfect in all the modern improvements; containing 17 spacious rooms and two pantries, wide halls and stair cases, vestibules, mosaic laid in marble, oiled oak floors in dining room and kitchen, halls, marble mantles, handsome Venitian sash, &c., throughout; bath room, supplied from cisterns, Bolton's steam heaters throughout the house; iron safe for silver plate, &c., built in the wall; excellent dry cellars, with cemented floors, &c.

The out-buildings comprise ice house and cooling rooms, stables and gardiner's dwelling, with cistern at stable, wagon and tool house, &c.

TERMS—Cash on delivery of deeds, or $25,000 can remain on mortgage if desired. Parties desiring to view the premises on Tuesday, the day preceding previous to sale.

A. McILWAINE,
Auctioneer.

jy12

## DIVIDENDS.

PITTSBURGH, July 11, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF

THE COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY

have this day declared a Dividend No. 2 of FOUR (4) PER CENT. on the capital stock, payable on Monday, the 16th instant. E. WHITEHILL,
jy12:b56 Secretary.

## FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A beautiful country residence on the Perrysville Plank Road, about seven miles from the city, and situated in a delightful neighborhood. The house contains two parlors, wide hall, dining room, kitchen and five bedrooms, with porch in front, and is embowered in shrubbery, making it altogether one of the best located and most desirable residences in this vicinity. There are some

Thirteen Acres of Land

attached to the house, including a fine bearing orchard, well stocked with apple, peach and quince trees, and a garden filled with gooseberry and currant trees, grape vines, &c. There is also a very superior stable on the premises, with coach house, cow stable, &c.; and attached to the dwelling are two large cisterns, and a never failing well of the best water. The property is the most desirable, in all respects, and would make altogether a most convenient and handsome country residence. The Furniture will also be sold with the house, if desired.

For terms, &c., apply to

D. O'NEILL,
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## FINANCE AND TRADE.

WEDNESDAY, July 18, 1866.

There has been but little change in gold or Government bonds since yesterday. The latest quotations will be found in our telegraph reports from New York.

—The New York *Tribune*, of the 17th says:

The payments at the Sub-Treasury to-day are upon a liberal scale, on account of the one year coupons which have ceased to bear interest. In redeeming this class of currency debt the Treasury has freely used National Bank notes, which are again accumulating in this city. The banks have not yet made these a "legal tender" at the Clearing House, but will be obliged to do so at no remote day. The temporary issue, except a few millions of Clearing House certificates, are payable in this currency, and, within a short time, what is now a Treasury liability will be put in active circulation through the payment of the temporary loans. As no bank in this city dares refuse National currency from its customers on deposit, so no banker dares refuse to credit accounts the most solid security for these notes will be the legal tenders. Therefore, the Treasury will be called upon to redeem with legal tenders. It is implied from Washington that the Treasury policy is not to be changed, and that an easy money market is to be maintained in connection with a steady exchange of currency with long gold-bearing debt. It is this belief which is now stimulating new speculations on the Stock Exchange, and those who act upon it are only profiting by the history of Treasury operations during the past five years. The payment in currency of large amounts of temporary loans is an inflating operation as efficient as the issue of circulating money would be. For the present the Secretary of the Treasury is the strong power upon which speculators for an advance rely, and he can safely be depended upon until he commences to cancel legal tender, which he has no present inclination to do.

—The advices from the Venango oil regions continue very unfavorable. The Titusville *Herald*, of Tuesday, says:

"The petroleum markets are undergoing an operation as near allied to a panic as the case can express. Oil tumbled to-day to $2 at the wells. The producers appear to have lost all confidence in a future rise, and are selling at anything they can get. Under such circumstances it is impossible to give reliable quotations. The rapid evaporation in this warm weather and consequent loss to the holder is making the producers more anxious to sell, and the immense stock in the eastern market, amounting in New York to 160,000 barrels and other places in proportion, make buyers very easy to operate at any price. The constant discussion about iron tankage does not appear to have had the effect of inducing the producers to adopt that plan of storing their oil, and unprepared to hold until such time as the other markets recuperate, they still keep a constantly accumulating stream pouring into the already overflooded eastern markets, which, as a necessary consequence, makes matters worse. As a general rule all violent fluctuations are short in reaction, and it is to be hoped that this case will not prove an exception to the rule."

—A Washington dispatch to the New York *Tribune* under date of 16th says:

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that although the tax of 10 per cent imposed by the act of March 3, 1865, upon banks out of the notes of State banking associations paid out by them after July 1, 1866, is not actually repealed until the act of July 13 instant, takes effect on the 1st of August next, yet, as it was clearly the intention of Congress to postpone the tax until that time, and the act of 1865 does not provide especially for the manner of its payment, it will not be collected for the current month.

—Comptroller Clarke last week authorized the establishment of the Kittanning National Bank of Kittanning Pa., With a capital of $200,000, but without circulation. The total number of these banks thus far been granted authority to commence business is 185, having a total circulation of $28,500,675. The amount of $20,000 was issued last week by the comptroller to banks established a long time ago, with allowances to increase their circulation.

### New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The money market is easy, at 1@5 per cent. on call, and primepaper counts are 5@7 per cent. The Treasury Department continues to disburse liberally, and the supply of national bank currency is very large. Banks are lending it free of interest for a week, on condition of returning legal tenders. The Treasury Department is ready to retire 7-30 notes, and issue in exchange 5-20 bonds, but very few holders are willing to avail themselves of this exchange. Gold closed up quietly at 146@146¼.

Government securities were quiet this afternoon. The following are the closing prices: Registered 1881, 103@103½; Coupons 1881, 103@103½; Registered of 1862, 103@103½; Coupons 5-20s registered of 1865, 107@107½; 5-20 Coupons of 1865, 109½@110; 10-40s registered, 88½@89; 10-40 Coupons, 89½@90; August 7-30s, 105@105¼; June 7-30s, 103½@104; July 7-30s, 103@103¼; July Compounds of 1864, 113@113½; July do., 112@112½; August do., 111½@111¾; October do., 110½@110¾.

Petroleum and mining shares were generally steady in the afternoon board. At the second board they were as follows: Bennehoff Run, 10; Canal, 10; Caledonia, 10; New York Gold, 108; Consolidated Virginia Gold, 180; Downieville, 70; Express Stocks, Wells, Fargo & Co., 25.

The *Post's* money article says: The Stock market is dull, but firm. Governments are rather lower. Railroad Shares are irregular, with but little disposition to sell. After the board New York Central was 102¾; Erie, 66¾; Michigan Central, 136; Michigan Southern, 83¾; Illinois Central, 123¾.

### New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, July 18.—Cotton more active and steady, and without change in prices. Sales 3,662 bales for middling; holders generally demand an advance, but buyers hold off and business is quiet and heavy; $67@70 for extra sunte, $68@70.50 for extra round hoop Ohio, and $69.50@72.50 for trade brands, the market closing dull. Whisky quiet at $2.35@2.55 for State and western. Receipts of wheat 12,982 bushels, the market dull and nominally lower; sales include new No. 1 Milwaukee at $2.45 in bond, at $2.45@2.50 for spring, and $2.60@2.65 for winter red Western; receipts of corn 23,924 bushels; the market opened with a rather firmer tone, but closed heavy with moderate export and fair home trade inquiry, at 82@83½c for mixed new mixed western, and 84@85c for unsound do, including high mixed nearly yellow. Receipts of oats 27,409 bushels; the market heavy, at 59@59c for Chicago, and 58@60c for Milwaukee. Leather—Hemlock sole Buenos Ayres light weight; 39@39½c for medium do; 39@39c for heavy do; 36@38c for California. Hides—Wet salted Buenos Ayres light weight; 34@35c for medium do; 33@33c for heavy do; 31@32c for California. Rice quiet and firm at 9@9½c for Carolina and 8½@9c for Java. Molasses dull. Pork heavy and irregular, closing quiet at $39.50@40 for new mess, closing at $39.37 cash, $39.50@39.75 for old do, and $27@28 for prime; also 200 bbls new mess for August and October delivery and buyers' options at $39.37. Beef unchanged. Cut meats steady at 15@15½c for shoulders and 17½@18c for hams. Lard steady at 18½@18¾c for kettle and 18@18¾c for common. Butter dull at 20@33c for Ohio and 27@36c for State. Cheese quiet at 16@19c.

### New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The market is quiet. Brown Sheetings—Amoskeag, 25 do do, 24; Appleton, A, 34; do. C, 31; do. D, 32; Atlantic A, 36; Augusta, 32½; Bedford, 30; Boott C, 32; Augusta, 32½; Androscoggin, 30½; Androscoggin L, 34½; Anthony Manufacturing Co., 27½; Bailey & Son, 27; Bridge, Stone—Amoskeag, 25; Boott Mills, 28; Globe, Amoskeag, 25; Hamilton, 27½; Boston brown, 30; do Manufacturing Co., 27; Manchester, 32; A Warren, brown, 25; Wide Width, 29; Indian Orchard, 32; Laconia, 32½; A C, 26; do. O, 25½; do. B, 32½; do. C, 30½; Shirts—J W L standard Dress shirts, No. 5, 1 doz, $84; No. 6, $90; No. 7, $96; No. 8, $102; 1 doz hoops, $7.50@8; Empress, 1 doz, $5.50; Meyers' IX L, while topped, 1 doz, $6; Meyers' narrow bosom, 1 doz, $6; Eagle Ruffled, genuine with trade mark, 6, $36; 8, $48; homemade Ruffles, 6, $30@36. Hard Rubber Cravats—No. 1 plain, 4.00; figured ends, $5; No. 2, $4.00; No. 3, figured ends, $5; No. 4, figured all over, $6.00.

### Chicago Flour Market.

CHICAGO, July 17.—The flour market is stagnant and heavy, with a nominal range of $7.25@7.37 per barrel. Sales do not exceed 400 bbls, at $7.25 for White Winter from new wheat, and at $7.35@7.50 for good to choice Spring extras. We quote the nominal range of prices for the different grades as follow:

| | |
|---|---|
| WHITE WINTER—Choice Southern | $11.00@15.00 |
| Choice St. Louis | 11.00@15.00 |
| Mich. and Minn | 10.00@12.50 |
| Wisconsin | 9.00@12.00 |
| SPRING EXTRAS—Fancy Brands | 10.00@11.00 |
| Choice Wis., Mich. and Iowa | 9.00@10.00 |
| Fair grades | 8.75@9.00 |
| Low grades | 8.25@8.50 |

### Chicago Cattle Market.

CHICAGO, July 17.—The fresh receipts of Beef Cattle to-day at the Union Stock Yards are 37 cars. Entered sales, 250 head at prices ranging from $3.00@3.50 for common to fair to good butchers' 7.00 for fair to good to choice shipping Steers, $4.25@7.50 for good to choice cows and heifers, and $3@4 for inferior to ordinary of the cars. The market is dull and heavy, but few buyers being present. Most of the yards near the Bank these present the cooling breeze on the alleys, Stalling to the scorching heat outside, although they have been watered to keep down the dust. At the close prices and cooled off considerably. At the close prices and cooled off considerably. At the close cars and cooled off considerably. At the close cars and cooled off considerably. At the close prices and cooled off considerably. At the close prices and cooled off considerably. At the close prices